'S
FOOD
INVALIDS.
sts as easily as human
ind Children.
ghly nourishes the child
MITED, LONDON.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,321—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, JANUARY 1, 1891.

CUTLER PALMER'S WHISKIES.

OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.

Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

	Prices.
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve..	Rs. 21
"Heart Bottle Whisky"—Scotch ...	Rs. 20-12 per doz. bottles.
"Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle ...	
"Glentromie"	
"Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish" ...	

Examine cork, label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

NG.

O ORIENTAL
NY.
ME OF DEPAR-
S FOR EUROPE.

		Captain.	Saturday. 1891.
		Harvey	3rd Jan.
4113	800	T. Weighell	10th "
3938	500	A. Seaton	17th "
4205	800	J. Webber	24th "
3011	500	D. Worcester	31st "
5045	1000	T. Weighell	7th Feb.
	500	C. Loggin	14th "
3938	500	J. Webber	21st "
4205	800	Alderton	28th "
3041	500	T. Weighell	7th Mar.
2927	600	A. Whelor	14th "
3938	500	J. Webber	21st "
4499	800	Barratt	28th "
3041	500	T. Weighell	4th Apr.
3925	700	G. Gadia	11th "
3938	500	W. J. Webber	18th "
5045	1000	E. Stewart	25th "
3041	500	T. Weighell	2nd May
5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	9th "
3038	500	W. J. Webber	16th "

...ers and P. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, ...h, and London.
...proceed to Aden only, and Passengers ...teamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, ...

Tickets are issued, including Rail-...m Brindisi to London by the Mail ...coupons are issued for places in ... Cars of the special P. and O.

...leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the ...avey Passengers on board. ...must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard ...9 a.m. on day of sailing.

TEAMERS TO LONDON,
LING AT MARSEILLES.

3908		P. Harris	24th Mar
5011	1000	A. W. Adamson	7th Apr.

80, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Tons B. ?		Captain. About	1891.
2927	600	W. A Whelor	1st Jan.
4499	800	W. Barratt	15th "
3925	700	G. Gadia	29th "

...the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves ...apan every fortnight, with liberty to call at ...
...rticulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
December 1890.

...ONE GENERALE ITALIANA
...RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and ...vice versa at regular intervals of 20 days, ...calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT ... NAPLES.

...ts of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 310, and Rs. 150 ... and Third Class, respectively, inclusive

...y Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, ...GE, to the extent allowed in the Hand-

...on Return Tickets. Special Rates for ...r other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
...UBATTINO.	5,000	800	10th Jan. 1891.
...LDUINO	5,000	800	1st Feb. 1891.
...	5,000	800	10th Feb. 1891.
...	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1891

...S WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain ...TURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, ...ay Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT ...EDUCED RATES.
...vants and Native Ayahs are charged ...100, respectively, inclusive of food. In ...e return, only 50 per cent. extra will be

...I TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

...er.	To sail
...NO ...	On the 8th January, 1891.

...books of Information and other particulars ...sight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
...use, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 22nd 1890.

...R O... HUNGARIAN S. N. Co.

...TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, ...NG AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID

...rs.	Captains.	Ts.	H. P.	To sail on
...	C. Bechtinger..	4	750	1st Feb. 91.
...IX	F. Egger ...	4	750	1st Mar. 91

...and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

...TES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
...BRINDISI....	Rs. 5 ...	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

...TICKETS available ... SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
...or BRINDISI.....	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

...include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

...OUGH TICKETS ... LONDON.
...st Class Single and Re...n Tickets are issued ...Reduced Rates, includ... the railway journey ...Trieste.
...or BOMBAY leave T...STE on the 3rd and ...the 8th of each mont...
...and their luggage are ...weyed free on board ...any's steam launch on ... day of sailing.

...EAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

	Captain.	Ton.	H. P.	To sail.
...	L. Lemessich...	4,5...	650	15th Jan. '91.

...Aden, Hodeidah, Mo...wah, Suakin, Gedda, ...id, and Trieste.

...M TO COLOMBO, PENANG, ...APORE, AND HONGKONG.

	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
...	G. Mettel	3,800	500	21st Jan. '91.

...ill be received on board after sunset on the ...to sailing.
...particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
...se, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, ...891.

...O GENOA AND LIVERPOOL.

THE S. S. "BELLAGIO," 2,531 tons, WILL SAIL, for the above Ports about the first week in January. Has accommodation for a limited number of First Class passengers. Fares ... apply to

... & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
...1890.

...MES'S BUDGET."
...EDITION
...GAZETTE."
...BSCRIPTION,
...Postage.
... Rs. 26
... " 13-8
... may be ordered at the above ...ER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta. ...Co. Ld., Bombay., or Messrs. ... Madras.
... from London direct or the ... of Subscription, including ...treet, Whitefriars, London.

...ho suffer from NERVOUS DERILITY ...sses of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY ...NEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 249, High Holborn, LONDON.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,132 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 31st December, and S. S. "KISTNA," 1,122 tons, at 11 a.m., on 3rd January, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, at 11 a.m. on the 4th January, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jas, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "HIMALAYA," 1,427 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 1st January, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE, PLYMOUTH, ANTWERP, AND LONDON.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about 20th January.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASSA, AND LAMOO.

THE S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons, on or about 13th January.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 30th December, 1890. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.

KING KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable FREE of CHARGE for COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked, furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING, KING Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates: Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA. KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.

HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reduction to Family Parties and Missionaries.
Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports Through Booking *via* Japan, America, Australia, &c.
Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MATTERSON'S IRISH SAUSAGES.
(A delicious relish)
12 annas per tin.
SOLE AGENTS,
TREACHER & Co, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SCOTCH OATMEAL.
Prepared from the finest selected Midlothian Growth
[Per 2 lb. tins, 9 annas.
TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

JAMS,
KEILLER'S BEST MANUFACTURE.
APPLE.
BLACK CURRANT.
DAMSON.
GOOSEBERRY.
GREENGAGE.
PLUM.
RASPBERRY & CURRANT.
RED CURRANT.
STRAWBERRY.
Per Tin, Annas 7.
APRICOT, PEACH, & CHERRY, per Tin, Annas 8.
BLACK AND RED CURRANT JELLY.
½lb., As. 6; 1lb., As. 10.
MARMAALDE, per 1lb. tin, As. 6.
TREACHER & Co., Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CHRISTMAS
AND
NEW YEAR'S
NOVELTIES.
A LARGE AND VARIED STOCK
TO SELECT FROM.
MODERATE PRICES.
BOLTON AND COMPANY,
IMPORTERS OF TOYS,
BOMBAY.

JUST PUBLISHED—Rs. 2-8-0.
THE ADVENTURES OF
THOMAS BROWN,
A GRIFFIN,
By F. C. O. BEAMAN, Esq., C. S.
THACKER & CO., LD.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE, Rs. 1-8 postage, anna 1.

TREACHER & Co. have the pleasure to announce a reduction in the prices of Wines, Spirits, Stores, etc., etc.

SHERRIES AND PORTS.

SHERRIES.
(GONZALEZ, BYASS & CO.'S)

OUR Sherries are selected and matured on the spot and shipped by the well-known firm of Gonzalez, Byass & Co., who have obtained a world-wide reputation for the high character and superior quality of their Wines.
The following have been selected by TREACHER & Co. as especially suited to the taste and requirements of residents in India. The Company's large importations enable them to quote lower prices than customary for such high class Wines.

	CASH. Per dozen. Rs. a.
YELLOW SEAL.—A light Spanish Wine of fair quality	16 0
EXTRA DRY PALE.—A light, natural, unblended Wine	20 0
PALE DINNER.—An excellent Wine for general use	23 0
VINO DE PASTO.—A good, genuine, Dinner Wine	25 0
OLD DRY.—Very superior, soft and dry	28 0
GOLDEN.—A rich, nutty flavoured Dessert Wine	28 0
MANZANILLA.—Very dry and pale	29 0
SUPERIOR AMONTILLADO.—Very old and choice	33 0

PORTS.
(SANDEMAN'S.)

TREACHER & Co. have given much attention to the selection of these Wines, which are shipped direct by the celebrated firm of Sandeman and Co., a sufficient indication of their very superior quality. Invalids and others suffering from the exhausting effect of the climate will find in these Wines excellent recuperating properties.

	Quarts. Rs. a.	Pints. Rs. a.
SUPERIOR OLD PORT.—This, our well-known "Invalid's Port," so generally prescribed and recommended by the medical profession, is a superior dessert wine; tawny with age, of fine bouquet and character	33 0	18 0
FINE OLD PORT.—Of good body and flavour; it is a wholesome, nutritious wine, thoroughly matured previous to being bottled	26 0	13 8
OLD PORT.—A rich and fruity wine, of moderate price	18 0	...

Our present holdings of both Sherries and Ports are exceptionally good, and will bear favourable comparison with Wines at a much higher price.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SUPERIOR TABLE DAMASK.
CLOTHS BEST
NAPKINS BELFAST
DOYLEYS BLEACH
REDUCED PRICES.

	Rs. a.
Best Double Damask Cloths; Rich Floral Patterns and other elegant designs, IN ALL SIZES ... from each	9 8
Rich Damask (Double) Table Napkins, to match cloths, if required, an extensive selection Hemmed ready for use ... from per doz.	9 8
Superior Damask Doyleys, Fringed large size selected choice patterns ... per doz.	6 0
Piece Damask to Fit all Tables; any length cut, Neat Attractive Designs ... Per yard	3 0
BROWN LINEN; afternoon Tea Cloths, Richly Embroidered in Silk, Deep Fringed Edges, a Novelty ... each	6 0

SPECIAL V. P. P. OR CASH DISCOUNT 10 PER CENT.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY.

COUGH! COLD!! BRONCHITIS!!!
ST. MARTIN'S
PULMONARY BALSAM.
A SAFE and Palatable Preparation, of purely Vegetable Drugs, possessing Expectorant, Demulcent and Balsamic Properties.
Per Bottle, Re. 1 and Rs. 1-12.
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS. } F. S. MADON & CO., { MARKET, BOMBAY.

NOW READY.
THE
INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE
FOR JANUARY 1891.
SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS.
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS.
THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD.
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA & ABROAD.
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION.
STEAM-BOATS AND DAK COMPANIES.
BULLOCK TRAINS & TRANSIT COMPANIES
NEW MAP OF INDIA,
SHOWING EVERY RAILWAY STATION ON THE INDIAN LINES.
PRICE, EIGHT ANNAS. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION, Rs. 5.
This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms very good medium for Advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office, Fort, Bombay.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.
ELECTROTECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

FOR THE
"'XMAS & NEW YEAR"
FESTIVITIES.
MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.

ARE showing (in addition to their splendid Stock of Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery, &c.,) a Grand Assortment of inexpensive Silver Novelties, both Useful and Ornamental, which are eminently suitable for those who may contemplate the Gift of a 'Xmas or New Year's Token to their Friends or Acquaintances.

The Prices will be found VERY LOW and REASONABLE, whilst the fine Quality of their Stock is proverbial.

Silver CIGAR and CIGARETTE CASES in Plain, Fluted, Chased, Oxydised, &c., from Rs. 25.

Silver MATCH BOXES, Plain, Chased, Enamelled, Fluted, &c., from Rs. 7.

Silver CIGAR and CIGARETTE HOLDERS, with Amber Mouth Pieces, from Rs. 8.

Silver SOVEREIGN PURSES from Rs. 12 each. This forms a very suitable parting Present to Gentlemen proceeding Home.

Silver, Plain, and Fancy PENCIL CASES, BUTTON HOOKS, TOOTHPICKS, &c., from Rs. 3. upwards, and intended either for the Pocket or to wear on Chain.

Silver mounted SCENT and PERFUME BOTTLES from Rs. 8.

Silver SHOE BUCKLES, Cloak Clasps, Waist Clasps, Purses, Paper-knives, Flower Bouquet Holders, from Rs. 3.

Silver BANGLES, BRACELETS, Neckchains, Brooches, Earrings, Lockets, Charms, &c., in great variety, from Rs. 2.

Silver CHAINS from Rs. 6, for Ladies or Gentlemen.

Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld., also keep a large and varied Stock of the best Quality :—

ARISTONS from Rs. 45 to Rs. 120. They are of very Superior Mechanism and Appearance, and the Price includes 12 Music Discs. Often used for Private Dances, &c.

SYMPHONIUMS from Rs. 65 to Rs. 185, complete, with 12 Music Discs. These are recommended as being strongly made, whilst for Beauty and Sweetness of Tone they are Unrivalled. The cases are Black or Oak Polished.

MUSICAL BOXES from Rs. 35 to Rs. 800. They include Native and European Airs, and are arranged in many Forms with Flute, Drum, Bells, Tattoo, and Singing Bird, &c., Accompaniments. Pocket Musical Boxes from Rs. 10.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
MUSICAL BOX AND MECHANICAL SINGING BIRD MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR TO ALL
SECURE A LIFE LONG HAPPINESS
BY THE AID OF
FOTHERGILL'S MADONAL,
WHICH IS SURE TO GIVE YOU
A PERFECT HEALTH,
AND REMEMBER,
"Health is the Foundation of all our Physical Happiness."

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Messrs. KEMP & Co., LD.
Messrs. BEYNON & Co.
Messrs. F. S. MADON & Co., &c., &c.

POPULAR REMEDIES MANUFACTG. CO.,
FORT, MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

Price per Case, Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8, Including Dropper.

NEW YEAR'S DAY.
TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!!
GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.
BOMBAY: Fort and Byculla. PHILLIPS & CO., LD., POONA: Camp and City.
WINE AND GENERAL IMPORT MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

"NEOSOTE."
"DISINFECTANT POWDER."
DISCOVERED by MESSRS. W. BAIRD and Co. of Glasgow, and much sought after as a valuable and powerful Disinfectant.
This Powder contains in the same volume more Ant septic than ordinary 20 per cent. powders, and the low price renders it beyond competition.
Price of one cwt. Cask delivered free at the Bombay Stations. Rs. 51.
AGENTS:—
ROGERS & Co.
Hummum Street, Fort.

SYMPHONIUMS!!!
THE SYMPHONIUM is a self-acting MUSICAL BOX of a novel and ingenious construction. It has the advantage over all Musical Boxes, as it gets never out of tune, and will play ANY NUMBER of Tunes. Price, inclusive of 12 METAL discs or Tunes, Rs. 75, Rs. 130, and Rs. 175 each.
Additional Tunes from Re 1 to 1-8 each. We invite inspection.
MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LAZARUS' SPECIALITE SPECTACLES.
Can be obtained from and fitted by
THACKER and Co., LD.,
Bombay AGENTS TO MR. LAZARUS.
*** Descriptive Pamphlet and Price List, with instructions for Self-testing of Sight for those who cannot attend personally, will be sent on Application.
THACKER & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SERVANTS' CLOTHING!
SERVANTS' CLOTHING!!
FOR
BROADCLOTHS, SERGES, TWEEDS
AND
BLANKETING,
Of all colours and pieces and suitable for all grades of servants.
APPLY TO THE
ELGIN MILLS,
CAWNPORE.

REGENT PARK CANINE SURGERY.
Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.
Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.
MR. SPENCE, for convenience of residents in India, and avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices :—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20 "
MASTIFFS	£20 "
BOARHOUNDS	£20 "
BULL DOGS	£20 "
BULL TERRIERS	£10 "
FOX TERRIERS	£10 "
IRISH TERRIERS	£10 "
WELL-BROKEN POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20 "
WELL-BROKEN SPANIELS	£10 "

Apply
MR. CHAAS. BELL SPENCE, M.R.C.V.S.,
Lanark Villas, Maida Vale, London.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

THE GREAT NEW YEAR'S EVENT.
THIS (THURSDAY) EVENING,
JANUARY 1st, 1891.
RETURN OF THE BOMBAY FAVOURITES.
THE RENOWNED AND ONLY
HUDSON'S SURPRISE PARTY.
THE FOLLOWING MONSTER PROGRAMME WILL BE PRESENTED.

PART I.
OUR BOUQUET AMERICAINE.
MISS MAY HABGOOD
WILL PRESIDE AT THE PIANOFORTE.
Bones :— Interlocutress :— Tambo :—
MR. T. HUDSON. MISS N. HARLEY. MR. S. COLVILLE.
Overture ....." Hudsonia" ..... Company.
Ballad ....." Take me home, Barney" Miss N. Harley.
Comic Refrain ." Don't cher know" ..... Mr. S. Colville.
Ballad ....." The Sweetest Song of all" Miss Blanche Gerard.
Comic Medley ." Tit Bits" ..... Mr. T. Hudson.
Song ....." The Cantenceer" ..... Miss Ada Walker.
Irish Song and Dance....." Mary McGuire" ..... Mr. T.C. Callaghan.

TO CONCLUDE WITH
THE RIVAL TELEPHONES,
OR, THE LIGHTNING PASSENGER.
INTERVAL OF TEN MINUTES.

PART II.
MISS MAY HABGOOD,
The brilliant Solo Pianiste, will play a Grand Paraphrase on "Faust."
HUDSON
Will Cogitate and Terpsichore a few moments.
Misses ADA WALKER & NELLIE HARLEY
Will sing the Beautiful Duet, "O'er Hill and Dale."
MR. SYDNEY COLVILLE
IN HIS ORIGINAL
MIMETICAL MUSICAL MONOLOGUE SKETCHES.
Miss FLORIE ST. CLAIR
In her great Skipping Rope Dance.
Miss NELLIE HARLEY
Will appear in her mimic impersonation and sing the descriptive song, "Cadgy knows his Fare, &c."
MONS. PROVO
In his Unique Entertainment introducing "The Mysterious Hands" or "SHADOWGRAPHS."
Miss BLANCHE GERARD
Will sing one of her Beautiful Ballads.
The Evening's Entertainment to conclude with Hudson's Screaming Sketch,
THE PRIVATE ASYLUM ; or, SOMNAMBULISM.
Keeper of the Asylum, Mr. S. Colville ; Engaged for the Patients, Mr. T. Hudson ; Kleptomania, Miss Nelly Harley ; Somnamulist, Miss Lallie Linton ; Mad Actor, Mr. R. Nish ; Hydrophobia, Mr. Provo.
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
NOTICE.—This Programme is subject to slight alteration.
PORTALS to the gay and festive scene thrown open, regardless of expense, at 8-15.
Hilarity begins 9 p.m. sharp. Carriages at 11 o'clock.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Orchestra Stalls, Rs. 3 ; Dress Circle, Rs. 2 ; Pit Stalls, Rs. 1-8 ; Gallery & Back Seats, Re. 1.
Soldiers in Uniform Half Price to Second and Back Seats only.
Box Plan and Reserved Seats secured at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
SATURDAY, JANUARY 3RD.
THOS. P. HUDSON,
Proprietor and Manager.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per S. S. "URBINO," ARRIVED from HULL, are hereby requested to present their BILLS OF LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the PRINCE'S DOCK.
The steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.
After removal from the landing sheds the Steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever.
All claims must be presented for settlement within a fortnight of the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be ENTERTAINED.
FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 30th December, 1890.

NOTICE.

WE have THIS DAY ADMITTED into PARTNERSHIP Mr. ARTHUR SANDAL of Liverpool, as BENDYSHE EARLE, of 1891.
Bombay, 1st January, 18

WE have THIS DAY ADMITTED Mr. KHURSHEDJEE NUSSERWANJEE WADIA AND Mr. HORMUSJEE NUSSERWANJEE WADIA PARTNERS in our firm of Agents of the Dhun Mills, Limited, and the Wadia Mills, Limited.
N. A. HORMARJEE & Co.
No. 9, Hornby Row, Bombay, 1st January, 1891.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

NOTICE.

WE have THIS DAY been APPOINTED AGENTS for the above Company.
GILL & CO.
4, Dean Lane, Bombay, 1st January, 1891.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT (on account of and in anticipation of a dividend) of Rs. 25 per old share, and Rs. 11-7-0 per New Share, for the half-year ended December 31st, 1890, has been declared and made payable on and after the 21st instant to Shareholders, whose names are on the Register, on the 9th instant.
Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be closed from the 10th to 20th January, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.
Bombay, January 1st, 1891.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING, AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT (on account of and in anticipation of a dividend of Rs. 7-8-0 per share, for the half-year ended December 31st, 1890, has been declared, and made payable on and after the 21st instant, to Shareholders, whose names are on the Register, on the 9th instant.
Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 10th to 20th January, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.
Bombay, January 1st, 1891.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT (on account of and in anticipation of a dividend) of Rs. 12-8-0 per new share for the half-year ended December 31st, 1890, has been declared and made payable on and after the 21st instant, to Shareholders, whose names are on the Register, on the 9th instant.
Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 10th to 20th January, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.
Bombay, January 1st, 1891.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT (on account of and in anticipation of a dividend) of Rs. 25 per share, for the half-year ended December 31st, 1890, has been declared and made payable on and after the 21st instant, to shareholders, whose names are on the Register, on the 9th instant.
Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 10th to 20th January, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.
Bombay, January 1st, 1891.

THE HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT (on account of and in anticipation of a dividend) of Rs 2½ per share, for the half-year ended December 31st, 1890, has been declared and made payable on and after the 21st instant to Shareholders, whose names are on the Register, on the 9th instant.
Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 10th to 20th January, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board.
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, January 1st, 1891.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an INSTALMENT (on account of and in anticipation of a dividend) of Rs 12-8-0 per share, for the half-year ended December 31st, 1890, has been declared and made payable on and after the 21st instant, to Shareholders, whose names are on the Register on the 9th instant.
Notice is also given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be closed from the 10th to 20 January, both days inclusive.
By order of the Board,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.
Bombay, January 1st, 1891.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOOT and SHOE TRADE WANTED a Representative in Bombay to TAKE ORDERS from the SAMPLES of MAJOR HOWE'S celebrated BRAND of BOOTS and SHOES. (Goods can be shipped direct to respectable houses).
Apply, Major HOWE, Boot and Shoe manufacturer, 13, Queen Victoria Street, City London.

THE ORIENTAL OIL AND FLOUR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.
(IN LIQUIDATION.)

NOTICE is hereby given that the Official Liquidators of the above Company have THIS DAY DECLARED the 3rd and FINAL DIVIDEND of Rs. 20 (twenty) only on each share in the said Company, and the same will be payable on SURRENDERING the share certificates for cancellation to the undersigned at their office, at Nos. 283, 285, 287, Fort, Bazaar Gate Street, on and after FRIDAY, the 16th January, 1891, during the office hours.
Bombay, 17th December, 1890.
TALOCKCHAND MANEKCHAND,
GOVERDHANDASS KHATTAU,
Official Liquidators.
DAMODER CHHABARAM,
Secretary.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

BOOKS FOR SALE OR ON SUBSCRIPTION.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS received on 31st December, at As. 10 per Shilling :—

FICTION.	Rs.	a.
Black is White; or Continuity Continued ; by the Prig	2	4
Dutiful Daughters ; by H. Sutherland Edwards...	0	10
Fluttered Dovecote ; by G. Manville Fenn.....	3	2
Four Red Night Caps ; by C. J. Hyne.....	2	4
Guy Mannering, or the Astrologer ; by Sir Walter Scott.....	0	5
Hypathia ; by Charles Kingsley	0	5
Loaded Dice ; by Paul Meritt	0	10
More By words ; by Charlotte M Yonge.....	2	4
Phanton Rickshaw and other Eerie Tales ; by Rudyard Kipling.....	0	10
Ranch-Land : a Romance of Adventures and Adventures ; by W. B. Gilpin.....	3	12
Terrible Tales (German).....	0	10
Up the Moonstair : A Story for Children ; by Albert E. Hooper (Illustrated).....	2	4
Waverly, or 'Tis Sixty Years Since ; by Sir Walter Scott, Bart.....	0	5
Westward Ho ; by Charles Kingsley.....	0	5
Yeast ; by Charles Kingsley.....	0	5
Zara ; by the author of "Molly Bawn"	0	10
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Adventures of Thomas Pellow, of Penryn, Marriner, Three and Twenty Years in captivity among the Moors, written by himself and edited with an introduction and notes ; by Dr Robert Brown	3	2
Bench and Bar : Reminiscences of one of the last of an Ancient Race ; by Mr Sergeant Robinson	3	12
Blacks and Bushrangers ; by E. B. Kennedy.. ...	3	2
Confessions of S Augustine, books I and X	0	10
Dicken's Reciter, Platform Series	0	10
Dust and its Dangers ; by T Mitchell Prudden, M. D	1	0
Liberty and Living ; by Phillips G Hubert, Jr ...	1	0
Memoirs of Edward Gibbon, written by himself, and a Selection from his Letters, edited by Henry Morley, L. L. D	1	10
Nelly Bly's Book: Around the World in Seventy-Two Days	1	10
Soap-Bubbles and the forces which Mould them, by C. W. Boys, A. R. S. M., F. R. S.....	1	10
Unearned Increment ; or Reaping without Sowing ; by William Harbutt Dawson.....	1	10
Wanderings in South America, etc. ; by Charles Waterton	2	8
JUST RECEIVED.		
Pen and Poncil, Christmas Number, containing an interesting 'Xmas Story, "Two Old Fiddles, etc., etc.," with which is presented a magnificent Chromo Presentation Plate, entitled "The Village Merchant"	1	0

N. B.—When answering this Advertisement, please name this Paper.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

"B." BRAND
CHAMPAGNE,
in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.
LYON & CO.,
Sole Agents, Bombay.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,
Being a reprint of two letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta.
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY Co., LD.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices or Advertisements on the Lines.
The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest Military Garrison in India —a Garrison comprising over 5,000 British and Native Troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two Regiments and one Battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's Regular Troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large Civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the Stations on the above Railway. The most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDERABAD, GANGAWARUM, and TANDUR.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and others who wish to force their business on the Notice of the Public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also especially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two Trunk Lines on Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c, seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language would find the Publication of the Announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Station at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the now means now offered of making Announcements known to the Public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet, will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. Twelve Stations or more, twenth-five per cent.
The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the Contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.
For further particulars apply to the Manager of the Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

NOTICES.

THE EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 31st Instant, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, the 1st and 2nd Proximo, being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

PERAK GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

TENDERS are invited for the construction and subsequent maintenance for 12 months of a LINE of METRE GAUGE RAILWAY from the Port of Telok Anson on the Perak River to Tapah, a distance of about 22½ miles.
Plants and specifications may be seen at the offices of the Colonial Secretary, Singapore, the Resident Councillor, Penang, the Secretary to the Government at Perak at Taiping, and the Government Engineer for Railways at Telok Anson during the usual office hours.
Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tapah Railway" should be sent in to the Secretary to the Government of Perak at Taiping not later than the 1st February, 1891.
W. H. TREACHER,
Secretary to the Government of Perak.
Taiping, 4th November, 1890.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Chief Commissariat Officer at Aden up to 11 a. m. (local time), and by the Commissariat Storekeeper General, Bombay, up to 1 p. m. (local time) on the dates fixed against each, for Contracts for the following SUPPLIES to the Commissariat Department at Aden for the year 1891-92.
Forms of Tenders and Schedules and all further particulars can be obtained on application at the above offices :—

Provision for Native Troops, &c., and Miscellaneous Articles at Perim	Under Schedule No. 11, Perim		Tenders to be received on 5th Jan. 1891.
Do. at Zaila	Do.	No. 2 Zaila	
Do. at Berbera.	Do.	No. 3 Berbera	
Water supply at Zaila under local Schedule.			
Dhall, Jowari, Rice, Salt and Wheat, &c.	Under Schedule No. 17.		Do, 8th Jan.
Ghee, Curry Stuff, & Country Drugs, &c.	Do.	No. 25.	

FRED. HUGHES, Colonel,
for Commissary General.
Commissary General's Office, Poona, Nov. 21, 1890.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS and VERBAL OFFERS will be received by the Chief Commissariat Officers at Bombay and Kurrachee, and by the Commissariat Storekeeper-General, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (local time), and by the other Chief and Local Commissariat Officers up to 1-30 p.m. (Madras time) on the dates fixed against each for CONTRACTS as specified below for 1891-92.
Forms of Tenders and Schedules, and all further particulars, can be obtained on application at the above Offices :—

Materials for repairs of Articles of Line gear for Transport Cattle, &c.	Under Schedule No. 7A		Tenders to be received on 7th Jan, 1891
Rice, Salt, &c.	Do.	,, 42	On 7th do.
Tinning, Cooking Utensils.	Do.	,, 12	On 9th do.
Stationery and Book-binding.	Do.	,, 13	
Shoeing Cattle	Do.	,, 17	On 14th do.
Ice	Do.	,, 18	
Aerated Waters	Do.	,, 26	
Butter, Milk, Chickens and Eggs	Do.	,, 37	On 16th do.
†Bran for Horses, &c.	Under Local Schedule		On 23rd do.
Auctioning sale of Government Stores.	Do.		On 26th do.
Barley, Cooly, Gram, Mucca, Mutt, &c.	Do.	No. 44	On 4th Feb.

* Tenders will not be invited for Butter and Milk at Jubbulpore, Kamptee, and Poona.
† Tenders will not be invited for Bran at Ahmednagar.

Bombay ..... Poona ..... Mhow ..... Kurrachee .... Hyderabad	Coffins under Schedule No. 3. Tenders to be received on 5th January.	
Bombay ..... Poona ..... Kurrachee	Fish Salted do. No. 6 do. 5th do.	
Bombay	Carriage for Conveyance of Funeral parties, under Schedule No. 5.	
	Tow Country do. 8A.	
	Tenders to be received on 7th January.	
Ahmednagar .... Mhow ..... Ahmedabad .. Kamptee, ... Jubbulpore .... Kurrachee .... Hyderabad	Purchase of Cattle Litter, under Schedule No 15. Tenders to be received on 11th January.	
Nusserabad .. Bombay ..... Deesa..... Jubbulpre for Pachmari ..	Purchase of Cattle and Sheep Offals and Hides and Skins. Under Schedule No. 47. Tenders to be received on 19th January.	
Poona ..... Mhow ..... Deesa..... Bombay ..... Kamptee ..... Kurrachee .... Jubbulpre ..	Packing Cases of Sizes, under Local Schedule. Tenders to be received on 21st Jan.	
	Gunny Bags, do. do.	
Poona ..... Ahmednuggur. Mhow ..... Neemuch .... Deesa..... Ahmedabad .. Jubbulpore.... Hyderabad	Coolies or Biggaries on hire, under Local Schedule. Tenders to be received on 21st January.	
Kurrachee ..	Hired boat tonnage, under Schedule No. 23. Hired Coolies or Biggaries for Hamallage duties, under Local Schedule. Tenders to be received on 21st January.	
Jubbulpore.. Saugor and Jubbulpore for Saugor.	Bhoosa for Transport Animals, under Local Schedule. Tenders to be received on 23rd Jan.	
Kurrachee .. Hyderabad ..	Lucerne and green kerby or jowari,	Under Local Schedule
	Tenders to be received on 23rd January.	
Poona ..... Mhow ..... Kurrachee ..	Purchase of surplus flour &c., from Government Bakery.	Do. Do. 23rd Do.
Poona	Purchase of Coal Cinders from	Do. Do. 23rd Do.
Commissariat Storekeeper General, Bombay, Kurrachee	Parched Gram and Powa.	Do. No. 44A Do. 4th Feb
Deesa ..... Ahmedabad Jubbulpore . Kamptee..	Bread Flour, &c.,	Do. No. 45 Do. 6th Do.
Ahmedabad and Commissariat Storekeeper General, Bombay, for Ahmedabad, Jubbulpore....	Machine made Flour for making Bread.	Do. No. 45A Do. 6th Do.
Poona ..... Kurrachee ... Mhow ..... Ahmedabad. Kamptee ..	Wheat under Schedule No. 46	Do. 6th Do.

FOR SUBORDINATE STATIONS.

Deolali and Bombay for Deolali	Tinning Cooking Utensils, under Schedule No. 4. Tenders to be received on 9th January.
Satara and Poona for Satara ..	Shoeing Cattle, under Schedule No. 3, 14th January.
Purandhar and Poona for Purandhar	Butter, Milk, Chickens and Eggs, under Schedule No. 1, on 16th January.
Poona for Khandalla	Provision, Medical Comforts, Gram, Forage, &c. No. 5 on 6th Jan.
Abu and Deesa for Abu	
Mhow for Indore ..	
Nusserabad for Taragurh	
Saugor and Jubulpore for Saugor	
Pachmari and Jubbulpore for Pachmari	
Kamptee for Sitabuldee ..	

Tenders and Verbal Offers will be received by the Chief Commissariat Officers at Bombay and Kurrachee, and by the Commissariat Storekeeper-General, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (local time), and by the other respective Chief and Local Commissariat Officers up to 1-30 p.m. (Madras time) on each of the dates above specified, when they will be opened and the rates read in the presence of such of the Tenderers as may attend.
Persons desirous of undertaking the Contracts can obtain at once, on application at the Commissariat Offices concerned, printed Forms of Tenders, Schedules of Articles to be supplied, and any other information they may require connected with the Contracts, and the conditions the Tenderers must abide by to prevent their Tenders being treated as informal.
No reason will be assigned for the rejection of the lowest or any Tender.
No Tender will be received or attended to unless accompanied by the necessary earnest money in Treasury Receipt, viz., 2½ per cent. on the estimated value of the Contract.
No earnest money in cash will be received.
Further security deposit on acceptance of the tender must be furnished either in Cash, Government Loan Papers, Bombay Municipal Bonds, or Bombay Port Trust Debentures, to the extent of ten per cent, calculated on the value of the probable quantity of supplies to be delivered.
The successful bidder will have to lodge a deposit of ten per cent. on the amount of the bid for the due fulfilment of his Contract, which deposit will be forfeited to Government in the event of any delay, evasion, or breach on his part to carry on or perform the terms of the Contract.
FRED. HUGHES, Colonel,
for Commissary General.
Commissary-General's Office, Poona, November 28, 1890.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY, 1891.

PERSONS Wishing to be PROPOSED as MEMBERS of the above Society are requested to send their names to
THE HONORARY TREASURER,
Bombay Art Society,
No. 3, Rampart Row.

THE "WITTERS" IMPROVED AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS.

WE have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS in INDIA for the Sale of "WITTERS'" Improved Automatic Sprinklers. MR. WITTER, of Messrs. WITTER and SONS, the Inventors and Patentees of the above Sprinklers, is now in Bombay, and will be happy to furnish any information on the subject.
Their Sprinklers have been approved of by the Fire Offices Co. and the Mutual Insurance Companies.
For Prices and Particulars apply to the Undersigned.
SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co.,
Sole Agents for India, Bombay.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mill, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brand, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.
હેપ્તુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦
&c., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

WANTED.

WANTED, an ACCOUNTANT by the Nilgiri Railway Company, Coonoor. A pensioned D. P. W. Man with experience of Railway accounts preferred. Salary Rs. 100 to 150 per month. Apply by letter, enclosing copies of Certificates, which will not be returned, to
PERCY W. WOOLLEY,
Secretary and Agent, Nilgiri Railway Co., Ld.

WANTED.

EVERY POSSESSOR of a GARDEN to send us their name and address for a copy of our
GENERAL SEED CATALOGUE
for the coming season.
This is the grandest SEED LIST ever published in India, containing descriptions of nearly 1,500 varieties of VEGETABLES and FLOWERS and hundreds of illustrations.
THE HIMALAYA SEED STORES,
LANDOUR, MUSSOORIE,
N.-W. P.

FOR SALE.

ARAB HORSES! PERSIAN HORSES!!

FRESH BATCHES of EXCELLENT ARAB and PERSIAN HORSES, containing among them most of the best Horses landed this season, have arrived by the last ten Mails, at the well-known Commission Stables, at the Bellasis Junction Road, opposite Messrs. Treacher and Co, Ld., conducted by Messrs. Suleman bin Dawood and Co., the well-known importers of the best Arab and Persian Horses. The largest stock of horses in Bombay to select from, consisting of Racers, Hunters, Galloways and excellent Racing and Polo Ponies, suitable for Gentlemen, Nabobs, Rajas, Officers and Regimental purposes.
SULEMAN BIN DAWOOD & Co.,
Bellasis Junction Road, Byculla.

FOR SALE.

AT
CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & CO.
JUST LANDED, Two Brand new Light English-built Canoe LANDAUS, suitable for
A brand new handsome and light English-made VICTORIA and a MAIL PHAETON, suitable for one or pair of horses, by Lewis Fulker of Salisbury.

FOR SALE ON COMMISSION.

A handsome well-bred Bay Walr-Gelding, perfectly quiet, in saddle and broken to harness. One Bay Arab horse, age six years. Height above 15 hands. Quiet in harness and saddle.
For particulars Apply to CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & CO.

TO BE LET, FURNISHED,

Mr. W. E. HART'S Bungalow, on Cumballa Hill, from 1st February to 30th November 1891.
Apply to
CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & CO.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.
Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus.
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES (recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty). No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium, Morphia, nor any violent Drug, and may be taken by the most Delicate. One or two at bed-time ensures rest when troubled by the throat. Sold by all Chemists, in small Tins.

IN USE 100 YEARS.

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND.

DR. ROBERTS' OINTMENT.

SKIN DISEASES. THIS VALUABLE OINTMENT (as originally prepared by G. L.
SKIN DISEASES. ROBERTS, M. D.) is confidently recommended as an unfailing
SKIN DISEASES. remedy for Wounds of every description Chilblains, Scorbutic
SKIN DISEASES. Eruptions, Burns, Sore and Inflamed Eyes, Eczema, &c.

DR. ROBERTS' ALTERNATIVE PILLS.

FOR THE BLOOD AND SKIN.

SKIN DISEASES. They are useful in Scrofula, Scrobutic Complaints, Glandular
SKIN DISEASES. Swellings, particularly those of the neck ; they are very effectual
SKIN DISEASES. in the cure of that form of skin disease which shows itself in
SKIN DISEASES. painful cracks in the skin of the hands and in all scaly diseases.
SKIN DISEASES. They may be taken at all times without confinement or change
SKIN DISEASES. of diet.
Sold at 1s. 1½d. 2s. 9d. 11s. and 22s. each, by the Proprietors Bridport, England.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY.—Rs. 48 for one year ; 25 for 6 months ; 13 for 3 months ; Rs. 5 per month in advance, postage extra.

BANKS.

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

CAPITAL—£1,000,000.
RESERVE FUND—£1,05,000.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received ava lable at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 3 (three) per cent. per Annum.
DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS granted at the Exchange of the day on London, Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.
GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.
INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected ; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.
All Remittances should be made payable to the AGRA BANK, LIMITED.
JAMES GREENWOOD,
Manager.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
CAPITAL.....£3,200,000.
LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
E. C. MONOD,
Rampart Row, W. Acting Manager.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
DEPOSITS received, subject to 12 months' notice, at 5 per cent. per annum ; for shorter periods rates will be furnished on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom. Calcutta and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged and Pay, Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over. Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved bills or Cheques discounted.
GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.
REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted. Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared and orders for Stores and Regimentals requisites executed.
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).

HEAD OFFICE—47, Threadneedle Street, London.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£93,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £46,500
RESERVE FUND.....£14,000
LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per Annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances, under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per Annum, and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.
By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Capital.....$ 100,00,000. Paid up...$ 81,68,062·50
Balance in Course of Payment.....$ 18,31,937·50
Reserve Fund.....$ 54,82,127·20
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000
COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.
London Bankers—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.
LONDON COMMITTEE :
ALBERT DEACON, Esq (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
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BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	0	500	6 pr. ct.	940
Bank of Bengal	40,000	0	all	5 pr. ct.	975
Bank of Madras	10,000	0	all	5 pr. ct.	925
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	(100,000	0	all	5 pr. ct.	120
Charter Bank	40,000	20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£25
Char. Mercantile	30,000	0	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	60,000	$15	all	17½ pr.ct.	--
National Bank of India	37,320	45	£12½	5 pr. ct.	155
New Oriental Bank	80,000	40	all	6 pr. ct.	160
PRESS COMPANIES.				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,00	1,000	7	1,080xd
Albert Glazing Co	100	50	all	18 pr. ct.	
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,10	1,100	60	450
Apollo	750	2,00	2,000	Nil.	325
Bellary	167	1,03	1,000	Rs. 40	205
Bombay Cotton	1,000	15	125	20	375
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld	500	1,00	1,000	--	140xd
Brazil's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	500	20	200	16	505
Colaba	200	1,00	1,000	45 dvd	90
East India	350	1,00	1,000	130	380
English Press and Manfg.					1,350
Fort	180	20	--	Rs. 20	192½
French	145	2,40	2,400	150	075
Harvey and Sabapathy	400	50	all	30	535
Hengel Press Co., Ld.	750	20	500	30	410xd
Khanagaum	240	50	450	54	155
Mahmedpuree Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	50	500	pr. ct.	425
Mercantile	1,000	25	125	10	500
Mofussil Co	3,125	40	400	Rs. 40	60xd
Munmar M	1,000	25	all	Rs. 15	445
New Berar	1,200	50	500	45	172½
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	560
Prince of Wales	600	60	500	40	97½
Sabapathy(Bellary)	800	80	80	120	375
Sassoon	300	50	500	2	500
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,00	1,000	25	500
Sind	400	2,00	750	50	1,100xd
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	25	250	--	425
Volkart	--	1,00		Rs. 80	210
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				Last half-yearly	740
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	--	4100	All	guar. 5 p.c.	2,400
P. B. & C. L. R. New Shares	--	4 18	--	do.	4 21
MISCELLANEOUS.				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock' Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	215
Back Bay Baths	750	150	150	7½	160
Badhana Plbg.	5,000	100	100	12	50
Bapty Bros.	(3,625	200	185	18	40
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,800	70	750
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,700
Do. New Issue.	500	375	625	33½	925
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	5	90
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	63
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	825
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	20
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills.	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	180
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct.	1,000
Geyer &Co., Ld	500	100	70	--	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	250	4,000	1,000	90	1,107
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	26½	260
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	80
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	50
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	73
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	90
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	--	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	180
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	65
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	375
Prince of Wales Fire In.	250	10,000	1,000	N dvd	1,800
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	--	63
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	--	70
Treacher & Co.	2,000	500	all	85	910
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	95
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	5-8	11½
Western India Flour	--	--	--	--	16
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1400
Alliance	[2,500	1,000	all	20	485
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	2	75
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	371	500	all	7½pr.ct.	500
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	700
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co.	800	500	500	20	415
Central India	3,750	500	500	65	970
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	945
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	Rs. 25	580
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	20	625
Coorla Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	490
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	485
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	760
Empress	[2,100	500	all	Rs. 25	580
Framjee Petit	[1,250	1,000	1,000	15	505
Gordon Mills	[2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	105
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	825
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard and Bullough's	[1,500	500	500	25	575
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	855
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	--	370
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	930
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	Rs. 25	90
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	345
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,000	250	250	10	235
Jewraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	25	810
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	85
Khandeish	750	1,000	1,000	30	670
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Maekunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	550
Leopold	3,500	100	100	Rs. 10	185
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	995
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,200
Mahaluxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	335
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,210
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	0	415
Moraji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	[1,000	70	1,620
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	103
National	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	17½
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	660
Oriental	5,785	625	625	10	385
People of India Presidency Mills Co(Ld.)	1,000	250	250	Nil.	19
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	35	1,100
Sholapore Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	25	1,435
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	60	1,340
Southern India.	1,000	500	500	Nil.	410
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12	120
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,300	250	250	Nil.	277½
Star of India	[1,000	1,000	1,000	40	220
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	575
Victoria Mills	560	1,000	1,000	24	405
Western India	1,200	[1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	360
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	730
Ripon Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	730
Lord Reay Mills.	445	1,000	1,000	20	1,050
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	660
Bellamin Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	800

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs. 20-14
China Leaf	,, 21-7
Pakin Bar Gold, New	,, 20-14
Do. Old	,, 21-1
Australian Bar Gold 10 touch	,, 21-3
English Sovereigns	,, 13-4
Do. Dragons	,, 13-4
Bar Silver 12 Bettereas	,, 103-3
Bar Silver 12 Do.	,, 103-10
Spree Silver	,, 105

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Proclamation Parade, 7 a.m.
Novelty Theatre, Hudson's Surprise Party, 9 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—I. M. S. Clive, from Portsmouth ; and Imaum (s), Cardiff.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Kamgola (s), for Karachi, &c. ; Vadala (s), Calcutta, &c. ; Indrapura (s), Karachi ; and Baron Ardrossan (s), Trieste, &c.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Elton entered and the s. s. Taif left the dock yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Eden Hall entered and the s. s. Etolis left the dock yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Zanzibar, per extra s. s. Glasgow, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 8 a. m. to-morrow.

I. M. RAILWAY.—The traffic return for the week ending 20th December, 1890, shows an aggregate decrease of Rs. 1,12,541, in receipts.

A BURGLARY.—Mohunji Nanji reports that his shop, in Argyle Street, was broken into and Currency notes, &c., valued at Rs. 205, stolen therefrom.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi, Sind, and Kattywar Coast per extra s. s. Kistna, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 10 a. m., on Saturday, the 3rd January, 1891.

SHOCKING DISCOVERY.—The body of a newly-born male infant was picked up by the police at Victoria Bunder, and buried under orders of the coroner, to whom the matter was at once reported.

THE ESPLANADE POLICE COURTS.—As to-day is a public holiday the hearing of cases is suspended in the above Courts. Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumes his sitting to-morrow after the Christmas vacation and Mr. C. W. Richardson on Monday morning.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.—Fuckrula Mulukji, a Nawab of Hyderabad, who has been in Bombay since the 3rd instant, left for his Native State on Tuesday night.—Mahomed Ismail, the Nawab of Jowra, arrived last Monday, with a retinue of seventy followers, and has taken up his residence, in Narayen Dabulker Road.

THE FIRE AT NULL BAZAAR.—Bheema, wife of Krishna Hurry the owner of the shop in Null Bazar, which was burnt down on Tuesday night, has, Superintendent Sweeney reports, been seriously burned on the right side of her face and body. She has been admitted into the Sir Jamsetjee Hospital. Haji Tyeb Gunni is the merchant, who owned the adjoining shops, whose goods were damaged. The police reckon the damage at Rs. 2300.

AN AUDACIOUS THIEF.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, before Mr. C. W. Richardson, Third Presidency Magistrate, Rama Putlu was charged at the instance of Pandurang Bhao, with stealing a gold embroidered cap, priced at Rs. 50. From what the complainant said it appeared that the cap was snatched away while the father and son were walking through Hanuman Lane, on Tuesday night. The fugitive was immediately pursued, and intercepted by a police ramosee before he could cover any distance, and placed in custody. Prisoner pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to undergo rigorous imprisonment for four months.

THEFT FROM THE MAZAGON DOCK YARD.—Suleiman Amirkhan, a Mahomedan labourer, at the P. and O. Docks at Mazagon, was last Tuesday evening seen by the dockyard gate ramosee throwing something over the wall. The ramosee kept his eye on Suleiman, who after passing out picked up a brass cup bearing the P. and O. trade-mark. The accused was searched, and a brass fitting found, concealed under his cap. His house in Copper Lane Mazagon, was also searched, and several other brass fittings of boats were found therein, valued at Rs. 10. Inspector Holdway brought the accused to the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, when he was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour.

LOSSES REPORTED.—Mr. A. Banks, residing at the Elphinstone Circle, reports that he forgetfully left his overcoat in a victoria, the number of which he does not remember, on Monday night.—Mr. Gowasji Kuverwanji, of Dhobi Talao, gives 113 as the number of the gharry, in which he also left an overcoat the same night.—Narayendas Ramji, residing at Vital Wadi, reports dropping a purse somewhere between Shaik Memon Street and his residence on Tuesday. The purse contained two currency notes for Rs. 1,000 each.—The same day Kesar Mahadev, a solicitor practising at Nagpore, and on a visit to Bombay, reports dropping his purse in Abdul Rehman Street. The contents were three currency notes for Rs. 100 each, one of Rs. 10 and Rs. 9 in cash.

PROTECTING A FOWL FROM THE DOGS.—Some amusement was created yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, by the cackling of a speckled hen, which had to be removed outside the Court, as it became too noisy, and interrupted the Magistrate. The fowl was brought in for identity. Inspector Roberts charged a Hindoo, named Krishna Gopal, with stealing the hen, which belonged to Luis DeSouza, who priced it at eight annas. Early on Sunday morning it was stolen from a compound at Lower Colaba by the prisoner, who was arrested later on by a police ramosee on suspicion. The complainant meeting the policeman and his charge claimed his hen. Prisoner in defence informed his Worship that he found it strolling on the road, and picked it up to save it from the dogs. The man who had several previous convictions against him for stealing poultry was sent to prison for eighteen months' hard labour.

FROM THE CIRCUS RING TO JAIL.—Before Mr. Richardson yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, Jumakhan Andashkhan was charged with the theft of a cash box, containing Rs. 2-0-4, on Tuesday night. It seems that whilst the complainant Gulam Hoosein Mahomed Hoosein was asleep in his shop, at the Crawford Market, he was suddenly awakened by a neighbouring shopman, who told him that the prisoner had managed to open the larger box, in which the cash-box was encased, and had decamped with it. A hue and cry was immediately raised after the departing thief, who was apprehended by a policeman on the Market premises in the background. The prisoner, who is a native of Kandahar, pleaded guilty accounting for his presence in this city through joining a Bengali Circus Troupe, with which he travelled. His Worship convicted him on the evidence recorded, and committed him to jail to undergo rigorous imprisonment for four months.

CRICKET AT NAVSARI.—A cricket match was played at Navsari between Mr. Kanga's team and Mr. Hoshangji Wadia's team, which ended in favour of the former by 38 runs, on the result of the first innings. Mr. Kanga's team was made up of some of the members of the City of Bombay, John Bright, and Navsari Cricket Clubs, whilst Mr. Wadia's team consisted of nearly the whole of the Bombay Cricket Club, with the good two additions of Mr. K.M. Mehta (a John Brightarian) and Mr. Lord (an Elphinstonian). The former in their first venture scored 82 runs, and the latter could only score 44 runs. On the side of Mr. Kanga the top scorers were Messrs. D. F. Dubash (the Parse midget) 25, Pavri 17, and Reporter 15. Mr. Dubash played in a free style, whilst Mr. Pavri played in his usual careful style. Mr. Ponchkhanawalla was the only person who could score the double figure of 12 runs, and show good cricket on the side of Mr. Wadia's team. In the second innings, Mr. Kanga's team scored 84 runs, with only 7 wickets down, when time was called.

HOW A TAILOR-BOY PRACTISED HIS TRADE.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, Inspector Roberts charged Alice Cabral, before Mr. C. W. Richardson, with the theft of a blanket, four white shirts, two pairs of trousers, four drill coats, two flannel coats, and a pair of trousers, and some cloth cuttings, of the collective value of Rs. 18. In this case there were four complainants, all tailors, amongst whom was the father of the accused. The prisoner worked with them occasionally and appears to have been stealing the property for a considerable time past, pawning it to various Marwarees, from whom they were redeemed. From the police investigations the property was recovered and traced to the respective tailors who had found it missing. Cabral was charged with criminal breach of trust in respect of a pair of scissors, valued at Rs. 1-4, which were lent to him, but which he did not return. His Worship convicted him on the evidence adduced, and sentenced him to an accumulative term of imprisonment on three charges for fifteen months with hard labour. The case preferred against the prisoner by his aged father was discharged.

THEFT OF SUBSCRIPTION MONEY BY A CLUB PEON.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, Mr. Edward H. McDowell, honorary secretary of the new organisation of St. Patrick's Club in Meadows Street, Fort, appeared before Mr. C. W. Richardson, Third Presidency Magistrate, and applied for a warrant of arrest against a peon, named Rama. From the information filed by the complainant it appears that Rama, the club peon, received the sum of Rs. 200 subscription money on November 10, to be deposited with Messrs. King, King & Company, and Rs. 10 to be handed over to the honorary treasurer of the Club. As Rama did not return and no trace of his whereabouts could be hit upon, the matter was only brought to the notice of the police on the following day, when they immediately instituted investigations towards the recovery of the money. Information has since been received that a man answering his description has been recognised in Mangalore, where it will be necessary to forward a warrant for his apprehension. His Worship granted the application.

VINEGAR OR TODDY.—At the instance of Inspector John Ringrow, of the Bombay Preventive Service, Rama Bablia, a native of Goa, was charged with importing a keg of toddy containing between four and five gallons of liquor contrary to the provisions of section 9 of the Abkari Act. At about three o'clock on the afternoon of Friday, the 26th ultimo, the Preventive Officer seized the liquor at Mody Bunder, south, after observing the prisoner put off with it from a *pattimar* anchored right opposite. In endeavouring to elude the examination of the contents of the keg the accused informed the Customs official that it contained vinegar. The Inspector entertaining some doubts as to the truth of this statement forwarded the keg to a departmental gauger who tested its contents, and found it to contain 15 per cent. of alcohol. The matter was brought to the notice of Mr. H. L. Wright, Assistant Collector, who directed the prosecution of the defaulter. Prisoner's defence was that he had been deputed in Goa to deliver the keg to John D'Souza, who kept a hotel in Parel, and was expecting the consignment from his mother to utilise the vinegar in his establishment. This individual's statement corroborated the prisoner's defence. The Magistrate in convicting Rama fined him Rs. 75, with the alternative of one month's imprisonment.

A DISAPPOINTED MENDICANT'S REVENGE.—Maruti Bapu, a Hindu mendicant, aged 28, used to eke out a living by soliciting alms from the residents of Mazagon. Though able-bodied he had no relish for manual or any other kind of labour. On Sunday evening he went to the cattle-shed of Nana Bapu, near the old Police office, Mazagon, and demanded charity. It was refused him, and he went away very much put out. At dusk the complainant lit the open kerosine oil lamp, which was hung to the gate, and left for dinner. At eleven that night he locked up his sheds and cattle as he usually did, and found everything right. He had scarcely turned his back, when the accused entering the shed from behind took down the burning lamp and set fire to the hay stack close by, valued at Rs. 100. Babaji, a cart-driver, unluckily for the accused, happened to be awake, and just then throwing his bulls some fodder at the far end of the shed. Accused was known to him, and on watching his movements he said Babaji set fire to the stack, and pursued and seized him. The alarm raised brought out the neighbours who did their best to put out the fire. It was most fortunate that the fire was so early discovered, for otherwise all the cadjan sheds in the neighbourhood must have been burnt down, and great loss in property and live stock have probably arisen. A sepoy soon appeared and took charge of the offender. On being placed before the Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, the accused acknowledged having set fire to the hay stock, being enraged at not getting alms when he asked for some. His Worship committed the accused to take his trial at the next ensuing Sessions.

THE SUNKERSETT FAIR.

THIS Fair, which is located near Grant Road Station, commenced on Thursday, the 25th instant, and continues till the 4th proximo. On the last full moon, four fairs were held in Bombay. One at Gamdevi, another one at Girgaum Back Road, the third at Mahim, and the fourth is this fair. The last two are generally well attended and continue for 8 or 10 days—the one held at Mahim being peculiarly a Mahomedan one. During the life-time of the Hon'ble Jagannathjee Sunkersett and his son Mr. Vinayekrao, the Sunkersett Fair was visited by the Governor and downwards. Mrs. Laxumibai is the present trustee for life of this Sunkersett charity, which yields about Rs. 5,000 per annum, and is devoted to Shree Bhavanishunker, an elemosynary [illegible] the invocation of Mrs. Balcrushnajee, the son of our popular citizen Mr. Bhaskerrao Balcrushnajee Pitale and grandson of the Hon'ble Jagannathjee Sunkersett, the founder of this charity, there was a large attendance of the leading townsmen including a Native Chief, European and Native ladies and gentlemen to witness the Fair. They were all accommodated in a spacious covered balcony on the top of a well-constructed dhurumshalla decorated with flags and bannerettes adjoining the temples, from which an interesting spectacle was seen of the grand gas and oil illumination of the stalls at the Fair, of the vast well-laid grounds arranged with plants in earthen tubs and interspersed with trees, temples, tank, dhurumshalla well filled by asceties, sadhus, pilgrims, blind and lame beggars, &c., and on which also hung festoons of lights which, however, for a time was interrupted by order of the police as H. E. the Governor was to pass this place to go to the Grant Road Station to proceed to Ahmedabad. The sight of thousands composing the crowd, busy in visiting the temples with flowers and cocoanuts in their hands making purchases of things and sweetmeats offered for sale and walking leisurely in gay attire was unique. Ladies Luxmibai Sunkersett, Wamanrao and the Misses Damoderjee Barodekar received the numerous lady guests and Mrs. Balcrushnajee and the young master Naturamjee also a grandson of Hon'ble Sunkersett, welcomed other guests. In the principal temple, there was *Kertan* by a preacher. In another one there was *Muntra Jagran* the (loud recitation of Veds) by several learned Vedic Brahmans. Alms were also given to the poor. Native band and music were in attendance. The party broke up at a late hour with the customary distribution of garlands, bouquets, rose water, gold leaves, &c. A party of native police under Mr. Tighe maintained order on the road and among the number of carriages which brought the guests to the fair.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Jan. 1.—Proclamation Parade.
1.—Hudson's Surprise Party, Novelty Theatre.
2.—Annual Inspection G. I. P. R. Volunteers, Igatpuri.
3.—Back Bay Baths Handicap Race.
3.—Small Cause Court re-opens.
3.—Municipal Standing Committee.
3.—Annual Pensioners' fete, Town Hall.
3.—Lord Harris cuts first sod of Godara-Rutlam Railway.
4.—Lord Harris returns to Bombay.
5.—Gordon Spinning and Manufacturing Company Meeting.
6.—Result of University School Final Examination.
7.—Municipal Standing Committee.
8.—Municipal Corporation.
8.—High Court re-opens.
11.—Sir Frederick Roberts arrives in Bombay.
12.—Royal Yacht Club Dance.
20.—Annual University Convocation.
21.—Scottish Orphanage Concert.
21.—Municipal Standing Committee.
23.—Bombay Volunteer Artillery Ball.
24.—Royal Yacht Club Dance.
Feb. 3.—Bombay Art Exhibition, Secretariat.
7.—Back Bay Baths Blindfold Race.
9.—Royal Yacht Club Dance.
9.—Byculla Club Ball.
21.—Bombay Races.
21.—Ladies' Tiffin, Byculla Club.
23.—Bombay Races.
23.—Royal Yacht Club Dance.
25.—Bombay Races.
25.—Census Operations.
26.—Census Operations.
27.—Bombay Races.
27.—Census Operations.
28.—Ladies' Tiffin, Byculla Club.
Mar. 2.—Annual Tournament, Bombay Swimming Club.
9.—Royal Yacht Club Dance.
21.—Royal Yacht Club Dance.
23.—Royal Yacht Club Dance.
30.—Royal Yacht Club Dance.

DIVINE SERVICES.

New Year's Day, January 1, 1891.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

8 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon, and Holy Communion.
Hymns, 90, 88, and 467.

ST. NICHOLAS' CHURCH.

Evensong at 7 o'clock.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

Morning Prayer and Holy Communion at 10 a.m.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White Hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "RESTORERS." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited, Farringdon-Road, London, England.

THE CALCUTTA RACES.

SECOND DAY.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 28.

THE big day of the Calcutta meeting was brought off with an *eclat* worthy of its traditions. The executive were able to present a very inviting card which attracted an immense gathering. There were, besides all Calcutta, visitors in numbers from every centre of the Empire. Speculation over the Cup Race had been going on in a desultory way during a fortnight, but the leading operators had not shown their hands till after the declarations, when Bravo and Recall were backed for considerable sums ; and on the course the public followed this lead. Lord William Beresford was without the means of getting into line with his adversaries, but he was content with having got Myall King very fit to abide by what struggle he could make. His starting price indicates that there was not much capital at Myall King's back. When the spectators saw Myall King force the pace from the start few of them expected he would live out. But in course of time he tired off one after another of his adversaries, and before the verdict was secured shouts of "Myall King," "Myall King," rang out from the stand, and after he won Lord William Beresford was so overwhelmed with congratulations in the crowded Viceregal stand that he could not get down to lead his horse into the paddock. When the weight was called there was further vociferous demonstration. The performance is a splendid one and makes the third Cup the horse has won.

FIRST RACE.—"The Zeerut Stakes" Rs. 1,500, out of which the second will receive Rs. 300. Hurdle Race for all ponies. 14 hands to carry 10st. 7lb. W. I. Distance 1¼ mile over six flights of hurdles.

Mr Breek's gr a p Velvét, 9st 10lb (Scott)..... 1
Mr Senior Elliot's b aus m Lubra, 9st 0lb (Dewing)... 2
Mr Punch's br e g Captain, 8st 0lb (Wiles)..... 3

Also ran :—Better-days, 8st. 11lb ; Redgaunntlet, 8st 8lb.

The betting was :—3 to 2 against Velvet, 3 to 1 Captain, 4 to 1 Lubra, 6 to 1 Betterdays, 8 to 1 Redgauntlet.

Velvet won by a quarter length ; five lengths between second and third. Time—3 mins 7 secs.

SECOND RACE.—"The Vizianagram Stakes." Rs. 1,000. A selling race for all horses. Horses entered to be sold for Rs. 1,000, to carry 9st. 7lb., 3lb. allowed for every reduction of Rs. 100 in the selling price down to Rs. 400. Distance ¾ mile.

Mr. Rowlands's b e h Padlock, 8st 6lb (Ryder)..... 1
Mr Macklin's b aus g Faughaballagh, 9st, 7lb, (Fiddes) 2
Mr Charles' Charlton, 8st 9lb (J Robinson)..... 3

The betting was :—5 to 4 Faughaballagh, 2 to 1 Padlock, 3 to 1 Charlton.

Padlock won by a couple of lengths ; a poor third. Time—1 min 17 2-5 secs.

THIRD RACE.—"The Gunny Meah Cup." Rs. 1,000 in specie, presented by Sir Abdool Gunny Meah, K.C.S.I., and Rs. 2,000 from the Fund, added to a Starting Sweepstakes of Rs. 80. Second horse to receive Rs. 400 out of the entire stakes ; third to save Starting Stakes. A handicap for Arab and C. B. horses. Distance 1¼ mile.

The Maharaja of Durbangah's ch c-b m Goldleaf 8st 7lb (Vinall) 1
Mr Woolmer's ch c-b g Minden, 9st (Killick) 2
Mr Gregory's ch c-b h Tangree, 9st 13lb (Wool)..... 3

Also ran :—Engadine, 10st ; Sabot, 9st 2lb ; Tete a Tete, 7st 4lb ; Victory, 7st 1lb ; Finesse, 7st 2lb.

The betting was :—3 to 1 Goldleaf, 4 to 1 each Sabot, Minden, Tete a Tete 6 to 1 Engadine, 8 to 1 Tangree, 12 to 1 Victory, 16 to 1 Finesse.

Goldleaf won by three-quarters of a length ; a couple of lengths separating second and third. Time—2 mins 16 sec.

FOURTH RACE.—"The Viceroy's Cup." A Cup value £100, presented by H. E. the Viceroy, and Rs. 7,000 from the Fund, added to a Starting Sweepstakes of Rs. 150. Second horse to receive Rs. 1,200 ; the third Rs. 600 out of the entire stake. For all horses. W. A. and C. Distance 1¼ mile.

Lord William Beresford's b aus g Myall King, 9st (Vinall)..... 1
Mr Apcar's br aus h Moorhouse, 9st 3lb (Gibbs) 2
Mr Apcar's b aus h Bravo, 8st 11lb (Robinson) 3
Mr Macklin's b aus h Recall, 9st 3lb 0
Mr Apcar's b aus h Cyclops, 9st 3lb 0
Maharaja of Cooch Behar's gr aus h Camillus, 9st 2lb 0

The betting was :—Evens Bravo, 7 to 2 Recall, 5 to 1 Myall King, 8 to 1 Moorhouse, 10 to 1 each Cyclops and Camillus.

Myall King lasting out well won from Moorhouse by a length, amidst vociferous applause. Bravo was a length and a half off, third. Time—3 mins. 8 secs.

FIFTH RACE.—"The Walter Locke Cup." A Cup value Rs. 1,000 presented by Messrs. Walter Locke and Co., and Rs. 1,500 from the Fund, added to a Starting Sweepstakes of Rs. 50. Second horse to receive Rs. 350 ; the third Rs. 150 out of the entire stakes. For all horses. W. A. and C. reduced 7 lb. Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr Kemmes' ch s a m Camilla, 6st 11 lb (Kadir)..... 1
Mr Ezra's b aus h. The Wild Oat, 9st (J Robinson)... 2
Mr Jackson's br e m Giddy Girl 9st 7lb (Wall)..... 3

Also ran :—Miladi, 9st 11b ; Success, 9st ; Entaly, 8st 11lb ; Yule-tide, 7st 8lb.

The betting was :—2 to 1 each Miladi and Camilla, 4 to 1 The Wild Oat, and from 12 to 16 to 1 the others.

Camilla won by a length and-a-half ; a length between second and third. Time—1 min 35 secs.

SIXTH RACE.—"The Stand Plate." Rs. 1,500 added to a Starting Sweepstakes of Rs. 50. Second pony to receive Rs. 300 and the third pony Rs. 100 out of the entire stake. A Handicap for C-B ponies 13-3 and other ponies 13-2 and under. Distance ¾ mile.

Mr Charles' b e m Wee Lassie, 7st 12lb (Trahan)..... 1
Mr Farmer's b c-b p Mite, 7st 12lb (Clemenson) 2
Mr Scott's gr a p Teviot, 7st 12lb (Jaffir) 3

Also ran :—Vera, 8st 7lb ; Silver King, 8st 2lb ; Rampershad, 8st ; Rubies, 7st 13lb ; Mrs Candle, 7st 11lb ; Swift, 7st 4lb ; The Brat, 7st 2lb.

The betting was :—3 to 1 Mite, 4 to 1 The Brat, 8 to 1 each Silver King, Rampershad, Wee Lassie and Teviot, and longer odds against the rest.

Wee Lassie won by half a length. A fair third. Time—1 min 21¼ secs.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Steam-ship Indrapura, 2,511 tons, Captain J E McGill, cleared yesterday for Karachi in ballast.

THE Steam-ship Baron Ardrossan, 489 tons, Captain J Peat, cleared yesterday for Trieste and Vanice, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Vadola, 2,164 tons, Captain G Johnstone, sailed yesterday for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Himalaya, 910 tons, Captain R H Brown, will sail to-day for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo, Miss Acworth as cabin and 66 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Karagola, 598 tons Captain J C Tice, sailed yesterday for Kathiawar coast and Karachi, with a general cargo, Revd J E Robinson as cabin and 65 deck passengers.

THE Steam-ship Imaum, 2,705 tons, Captain R Roland, arrived in harbour yesterday from Cardiff (7th December), with a cargo of 5,598 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs Edward Bates and Co.

THE Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S N Co's steam-ship Imperatrix, 2,439 tons, Captain F Egger, will sail to-day for Trieste, &c, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Captain Wallusching, Captain P Moretti, Mr, Mrs and Miss Abdool Nubbee and 4 children, Dr Bhedwar, and 18 deck.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—DECEMBER 31.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds	Company or Agents.
S.S. Urbino	1542	Kerr	B	F Muir & Co.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, as. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

A. B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whisky and Highland Whisky, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

POCKET ANEROIDS, or Barometers, measuring altitudes from 10 to 20,000 feet, in nickel silver and standard silver cases, shape and size of a Watch, at Rs. 25, Rs. 30, Rs. 35, Rs. 40, Rs. 55, Rs. 65 to Rs. 130.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Opticians, Bombay and Poona.

EXTRACTS out of Numerous TESTIMONIALS of BATLIWALA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE :—Very Rev. B. Fernandes, Vicar da Vara :—It is most efficacious. E. M. Morris, Esq., Tunnel Works, Goilkera :—It is a diamond drop to a man dying with Malarious Fever. Surgeon-Major M. E. Reporter, Cannanore :—All the cases tried upon have recovered.—Send your orders to Dr. H. L. Batliwala Datur, Bombay. May also be had at Kemp and Co., Phillips and Co., &c., at Re. 1.

AIR PISTOLS, with 1,000 Bullets ; 1 dozen darts ; ram rod and case, complete, Rs.10—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

WANTED, a RUSSIAN TEACHER.—Some one who will read with advertiser one hour a day. Apply to "X.," care of this Paper.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL is now situated on the summit of the Hill in Lanowli Woods. Largest Upper Storied BUNGALOW in the neighbourhood. Open all round. Large and airy rooms. Excellent table. Conveyances to meet passengers by every train. Apply, PROPRIETOR, Gymkhana Hotel, Lanowli.

WILLIAM COOPER, LITHOGRAPHER and ENGRAVER, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, undertakes to execute Visiting, Wedding and Menu Cards, Ball Programmes, Share Certificates, Mill Labels, &c. Works guaranteed. European finish at rates to suit all.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PESTONJEE PESHAW, Diplomad Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, late Governor of Bombay.

HALL MARKED 18-Kt. GOLD KEEPER RINGS.—A fresh Consignment of London-made Keeper Rings of MIZPHA, BUCKEL, CURVED, CHASED, and many other elegant Designs just to hand. Price Rs. 15 only. Well worth money.—JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, Watch Maker and Jeweller, 97, Meadows Street.

PEARSE'S CAKES for the NEW YEAR. Beautiful Sweets, Bon-Bon, Crackers, &c.—Church, Gate Street, Fort.

GAIETY HOTEL, behind Cathedral, opposite Elphinstone Circle, 4 Airy Rooms and 2 Bath Rooms, on each floor. First class table. Terms moderate. Special terms to permanent Boards. Apply to MANAGER.

LANOWLI HOTEL.—Situated on the Best Site, near the Post Office. Every attention paid to Visitors. Charges moderate. Board and Lodging excellent. Apply MANAGER, Lanowli Hotel, Lanowli.

RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Open from October. Most central situation. Best accommodation and first-class cuisine. Rooms facing west.—Cook's Hotel Coupons accepted.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class Upper Storied Hotel in Poona. It is most centrally situated. Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate Sitting room. Terms moderate.

ENGLISH HOTEL, BOMBAY, and close to the Apollo Bunder, is the most Commodious Hotel unrivalled for Comfort and Cleanliness. Terms Moderate.

LESSONS are given in Russian, French, and German by Mons Henri. C. SOHN, P.C.T.T.L. Good accent is guaranteed. Pupils are attended at their own residences. For particulars apply to "BONAPARTE," care of this Office.

A BLACK TRUNK, MARKED W. H. P. on the top and P. in a red Diamond on each end, has been taken away in error. Please return to WATSON'S HOTEL.

THE Official Assignee is prepared to Receive offers for Mr. W. M. MACDONALD'S horse, B. A. A. "Shoohab" height 14-2½, age 7 years.

TO LET.—Three Charming BUNGALOWS on Parel Hill, commanding a splendid view. For rent apply to P. BYRAMJEE, HOUSE AGENT.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of Brazilian Pebble SPECTACLES, FOLDERS, etc., fitted on the latest scientific method. Gold framed from Rs. 14 to Rs. 18, metal framed Rs. 3 and upwards. GOLD JEWELLERIES can be had ready or made to order.—DINSHAW M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 93, Medow St., Fort (opposite Soundy and Co).

FOR SALE.—BALING PRESS with Hydraulic Pumps, &c., complete, by Dobson and Barlow, Bolton. Apply for Particulars and Price to MANAGER, Bone and Cotton Cleaning Mills, Thanna.

FOR SALE, COTTON and LEATHER BELTINGS. Single 1" at 4", and double 4" at 6". Apply to the GODOWN-KEEPER, Messrs. N. P. NATHAN'S SONS, 71, Apollo Street.

FOR SALE.—Still and Sparkling Hocks Moselle, Champagne, Claret and Cognac of Well Known Brands and Quality. Apply to the Godown-keeper N. P. NATHAN'S SONS, 71 and 73, Apollo Street.

NATIVE ART POTTERY.—Wonderland, School of Art Compound.—New Colours and Shapes, suitable for presents. Very moderate prices.

GENT'S PUMPS.—Our SEASONS' STOCK has just arrived. Rs. 11 per Pair. Unequalled for Style and Quality.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD., Bombay.

PIANOS TUNED and REPAIRED by thoroughly experienced European Tuners only. Special rates for regular Tunings.—S. ROSE and Co., 33, Rampart Row, Bombay.

PIANOS.—Upright, Grand, Trichord, Full Compass, rich mellow tone, iron-framed, strong construction and excellent finish. Also a few Piano Organs, worked with a handle. GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

THE "CHAMPION" HAND ICE MACHINE, indispensable for Camp and Up-country residences, Simple, Effectual, Economical, in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Marine Street, Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES !!! —The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding, Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, &c. Apply "P.," care of this Office.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged ; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept. No COMMISSION charged. INTEREST allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance when not under Rs. 1,000. ACCOUNTS rendered half-yearly up to 30th June and 31st December. CHEQUE and PASS BOOKS furnished. GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any Circle of payment and approved CHEQUES on MADRAS received at par. CHEQUES on LONDON cashed or sent for collection.

PAY and PENSIONS realised, free of charge, except when under guarantee to Government.

FAMILY REMITTANCES.—Arrangements made for monthly payments in England. BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and remitted direct if required.

TELEGRAPHIC transfers made, and for that purpose names and addresses registered free of cost.

DEPOSIT Accounts opened available only for remittance (at any time) in our own Bills on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London, and interest allowed at 3 per cent. per Annum.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay.
GRINDLAY & Co., Calcutta.

JUST PUBLISHED.

MACLEAN'S

GUIDE TO BOMBAY

AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

FOR

1891.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED

At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5 ; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1891, contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the city in recent years.

While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the many public buildings which have been completed during the year.

The DIRECTORY has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,

DENTAL SURGEON.

18 YEARS IN PRACTICE.

No. 19, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY,

OPPOSITE TO CURRENCY BANK.

THE STARLEY ROVER BICYCLE and the ROAMER TRICYCLE are the FASTEST, LIGHTEST, and STRONGEST Machines on record.

A new supply arrives monthly. New Catalogue on application at Messrs.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

SOLE AGENTS FOR MESSRS.

STARLEY AND COMPANY,

COVENTRY, ENGLAND.

FOLDING CAMP BEDS.

In Wood or Iron with best double woven.

WIRE SPRING MATTRESSES COMBINED.

Light and durable and a splendid Bed for SHIKARIES. A fresh supply received by

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CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed of.

Indents executed with care and promptitude.

Passages booked by all lines of Steamers.

All agency business undertaken.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,

SURGEON DENTIST,

NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,

Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

HAND-BOOK

OF

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE,

BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawad, Mahikantha and Rewa-Kantha, together with Appendixes and a copious Index."

To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay. The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.

PRICE..... Rs. 6.

Packing & Postage Extra.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT SURAT.

Under instructions from Charles Agnew Turner, Esqr., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Ameerchund Tulockchund Javeri Sha, Sobhagchund Tulockchund Javeri Sha, and Balubhai Tulockchund Javeri Sha, carrying on business under the name and style of Tulockchund Bhaichund, insolvents, and with the consent of Messrs. Jaitha Bhima and Co., the equitable mortgagees, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 6th January, 1891, at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction on the premises, all the right, title, and interest of the said insolvents and of the said mortgagees in

All that piece or parcel of land, situate in Gopipura Division of the City of Surat, registered in the name of Tulockchund Bhaichund, and assessed under Nos., 116, 117 in the map marked sheet B. No. 10, and facing towards the south the road leading from Oswal Mehlla to Bhunsala Tole, containing about 31 square yards, and bounded according to the description as given in the "Lawad" as follows :—That is to say, on the north by the property of Abbey Rai, daughter of Mslapchund Khoosalchund, on or towards the east by the property of Bai Oojani, widow of Datpa Hurichund, on or towards the south by the road leading from Oswal Mehla to Bhunsale Tole, and on or towards the west by the road to Mohte Tole, together with the hereditaments, dwelling-house, and premises standing on the said land.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, attorneys for the said equitable mortgagees.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT ARTHUR, ROAD WITHOUT THE FORT OF BOMBAY.

On MONDAY, the 12th day of January, 1891, at 4 p.m., Messrs MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Laxumon Dhurmajee Dandeker, by virtue of the power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgagee, dated 10th day of October, 1889.

All that piece or parcel of foras leasehold land or ground, together with the buildings messuages, or dwelling-houses or chawls or ranges of building and shops now standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Arthur Road, in the registration district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 22¾ kathies, equivalent to 1,010 5-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on or towards the north by the Arthur Road aforesaid, on or towards the south by vacant ground belonging to Haroon Mahomed, on or towards the east by leasehold ground demised unto Mahadoo Tatia, and on or towards the west by the ground demised to Amrootrao Babajee, and which said premises are now occupied by the several tenants of the said Laxuman Dhurmajee Dhandekar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Crawford, Burder. Buckland and Bayley, at their office, No. 30. Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, January 1st, 1891.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 31.

LONDON financial quotations, under yesterday's date, show little change from those wired by Reuter on Monday, Consols having remained at 95⅝, and Indian Sterling Loan at 107½, while the market rates of discount were unchanged. Bar Silver recovered ¼d. per oz., which it lost on the previous day, and was again quoted at 47¼d., while Rupee Securities were one per cent. higher in Fours and ⅝ in 4½ per cents., at £81, and £83, respectively ; and in New York, the metal was ¾ cent higher at 103½ cents., Exchange being still unchanged at 4·83 dollars. An extra allotment of 2½ lakhs of Indian Council Bills on Bombay was made yesterday at 1s. 6 3-16d., which is the same rate as was obtained at last Wednesday's regular Biddings, and for the extra Bills placed meantime. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India remained at 1s. 5¾d. French Rentes in Paris were ¼ per cent. higher, at 95¼ ; Exchange on London was unaltered at fcs. 25·20.

The Market for Bombay Linseed was quiet at Monday's rates, both for Spot and Arrival Seed. Wheat was quiet but steady, the quotations wired, however, showing a decline of ½d. per cental in No. 1 Spot Soft White in Liverpool, at 7s. 6d., and an advance to the same extent in White Delhi, at 7s. 5½d. per cental ex-quay.

An advance of 1-16d. per lb. was established in the price of Spot Mid-American Cotton in Liverpool yesterday, at 5 3-16d. per lb., and Arrivals were 1-32d. higher in all positions ; but quotations of East Indian Cotton come unchanged. The Market closed firm, and Surats quiet, the total Sales having been 10,000 bales, inclusive of 700 Surats. The day's Imports were 22,000 bales. The Manchester Market was firm.

In New York 9 3-16 cents was still the price of ready Mid.-Uplands ; but March Futures were 5 points higher, at 9·27 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 49,000 bales, and the following comparison is now shown between the figures for the present season, so far, and those for the previous two years :—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Tuesday's Receipts	49,000	53,000	25,000
Three days' do. ...	150,000	140,000	120,000
Since 1st Sept.....	4,369,000	4,236,000	3,730,000

Here, the dull feeling lately noticeable has continued, deepened doubtless by the holidays, and only a small business has been done, some 750 bales in all of new Cotton having changed hands, of which more than half was Bengal at Rs. 166-75 ; and the rest Barsee, at Rs. 199 ; Karanja, at Rs. 190 ; Pachora, at Rs. 168¼ ; and Oojein, at Rs. 175 per candy. Prices generally are unchanged.

WHEAT has been taken to a moderate extent by shippers, and the market has remained steady in tone at pevious prices for all descriptions.

SEEDS have also been steady with a moderate business passing, *Linseed* has been more enquired for than other kinds, and has advanced in value half an anna per cwt. say to Rs. 6-4-6 to Rs. 6-7-0 per cwt. prices being otherwise quite unchanged.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton.....	4,799 bales.
Wheat	23,470 cwt.
Linseed	3,423 ,,
Gingelly.....	6,503 ,,
Ground Nuts	4,071 ,,
Castor Seed.....	1,495 ,,

The Banks and Stock and Share Markets have remained closed to-day for the New Year Holidays.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 27.

Benn, Lieut, 3rd Bo Cav, on leave, from Poona.
Conroy, Sergt-Major, 13th B I, on sick leave, from Mian-Mir.

DECEMBER 28.

Bickford, Captain, Bo, R A, off leave, from Matheran.
Robertson, Lieut, Bo, R A, off leave, from Poona.

DECEMBER 29.

Weir, Lieut, 4th Bo. Rifles, off leave, from Khathil.
Ryan, Major, Bo, R A, off leave, from Belgaum.

DECEMBER 30.

Baxter, Captain, Bo, 2nd Gloster, off leave, from Ahmedabad.
Pollard, Captain, Bengal, Bo, Bde-Major, to Insptr Genl of Cavy, on leave, from Mhow.

DECEMBER 31.

FitzHerbert, Major, Bo King's Own, on leave, from Poona.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 27.

Gellett, Captain, Bo, R.A., on leave.

DECEMBER 30.

Moore, Vety-Surgeon, Bengal, A V D, on duty, to Cawnpore.
Stratton, Vety Surgeon, Bengal, A V D, on duty, to Meerut.
Barclay, Major, Bo Comt, on leave, to Khandalla.
Davie, Lieut, Bo, 2nd Gloster, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Douglas, Lieut, Bo, 2nd Gloster, on duty, to Ahmedabad.

DECEMBER 31.

Parker, Surgeon-Major, Bo, Medical Staff, on duty, to Mhow.
Carden, 2nd Lieut, Bengal, Roy Scots, on duty, to Fort William.
Wallis, Surgeon-Major, Bo Medical Staff, on duty, to Ahmedabad.
Foster, Lieut, Bo, 28th Pioneers, off leave, to Kirkee.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS BY MAJOR G. W. ROUGHTON, COMMANDING B. V. ARTILLERY.

Bombay, 1st January, 1891.

I. There will be class-firing at Coorla Range on Friday, the 2nd instant Train leaves the Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m. (local time.)

II. On Saturday next the Battery will parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p.m. and proceed to Oyster Rock Fort for drill with the 10" R. M. L. Guns. Dress —Drill order.

III. On Monday next, the 5th there will be a Battery Committee meeting at Head-quarters at 6 p.m. All members are requested to attend.

By Order,
(Sd.) A. K. LESLIE, Capt.,
Ag. Adjutant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. S. BROWN, COMMANDING B. V. RIFLES.

Bombay, 1st January, 1891.

1. There will be drill at the following places until further orders commencing from the 2nd instant ;—

At the Oval, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6-30 a.m.

At St. Mary's School, Nesbit Road, Mondays and Fridays at 5 p.m.

Queen's Statue, Mondays and Wednesdays at 5-15 p.m.

At the rear of the Municipal Office, Mondays and Thursdays at 4-45 p.m.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

1. D. J. Muirhead having joined is given on the strength of the Corps from this date.

2. Troopers H. Janni and T. Sharples having resigned are struck off the strength of the Corps from this date.

3. The Squadron will parade on Thursday next, the 8th January, at 7 a.m., on the Kennedy Sea Face.

4. The Range at Colaba will be available for trained members on Saturday next, at 4 p.m.

5. There will be Riding School on Wednesday, the 14th January, for the purpose of passing out recruits.

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain and Adjutant, B. V. Rifles.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. on the 31st December, 1890.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	30	5	18p.m.	4	24
Teheran	31	2	20p.m.	0	27
Suez	31	2	40p.m.	0	29

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending on 8 p.m., on 31st December, 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	16	...	6
,, Kurrachee ...	...	10	...	3
,, Madras	5	21	...	1

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, JANUARY 1, 1891.

MR. HENRY MORTON STANLEY, in some "final words," which everyone must wish had been his first instead of his last contribution to the controversy which has arisen over the miserable story of the rear-guard, endeavours to undo a little of the mischief which his harsh and angry vituperation has unquestionably done. We cannot at all agree with him that "the most serious aspect of the affair, is the impression produced upon other nations by the disclosure of certain acts," (alleged to be done) 'by Englishmen in Africa. The really serious aspect of the affair is that such charges should be levelled, on second thoughts, by the leader of an expedition against subordinates whom he had deliberately, and while in full possession of all the facts, praised to the skies for their perfect loyalty, their devotion, and their frank and manly Christian character. It is true he had added some words of mild reproach for imputed lack of initiative and resolution, but there was no whisper of any charge affecting the reputation as men and as Christians of those whom he has since accused of crimes against humanity, which if the allegations were well founded would render the preceding eulogy something worse than Mephistophelic mockery. The testimony now volunteered at the eleventh hour, that Mr. Stanley's long experience justifies him in the belief that conduct such as that imputed to Major Barttelot and Mr. Jameson is entirely unusual and exceptional amongst those engaged in pioneer work in Africa, loses its value in the light of his own cynical avowal to Mr. Rose Troup, that when he vouched for the loyalty and good faith of the officers of his rear-guard he had to speak not what he himself believed, but what it was advisable to say to the public. Mr. Troup quotes with not unnatural indignation Mr. Stanley's avowals :—"I am not competent to decide for the public who is right or wrong "; and the yet more astounding statement, "My public and private opinion differs somewhat. My publicly expressed opinion of who is to blame must be based upon statements, documents, or other evidence than my own belief, and none of you can furnish anything to prove that the Major was in the wrong." Mr. Troup very justly animadverts on the action of Mr. Stanley who in the face of this disavowal that he had no proofs, turns round and "makes heavy accusations unsupported by a tittle of evidence of any kind." Mr. Stanley's whitewash is as suspect as his more lurid pigment. More to the point is the argument that the fate which overtook Major Barttelot is a proof of the tremendous risks incurred by a want of temper and humanity in dealing with the Negro races, and in itself warrants the inference that cases of oppression or outrage can not be common. It would have been well if the example of "my revered master David Livingstone" had been followed by Mr. Stanley himself in all his previous expeditions. But he has to own that "beginning life as a rough ill-educated impatient man" he was only schooled into gentleness by those African experiences "which are now said to be detrimental to European character."

With regard to Livingstone's methods we had recently the pleasure of hearing the most cordial tribute to his kindly and sympathetic character from an old Portuguese officer of rank, who some thirty years ago met that great pioneer of civilisation in Africa, and learned to esteem and admire him. Livingstone preached little to the natives, but sought in every way to raise their standard of life and thought. He taught them new methods of hunting, and took especial pains to show them how to set traps for the hippopotamus. That dreaded enemy of the riverine villagers was shot dead at once by two muskets placed one at either side of the path to or from the water, the triggers being pulled when the unwieldy foot was set on a concealed string. He also showed them how to grow vegetables and fruits to improve their food-supply ; he was their friend and adviser, and they came to have the greatest affection and reverence for him. Now it must be admitted that Mr. Stanley did not in his earlier journeys take any pains to keep alive this tradition of benevolent interest in the comfort and well-being of the Negro races. The late Sir Richard Burton, who was not in the least obnoxious to the imputation of mawkish sentimentalism some years ago protested against Mr. Stanley's high-handed dealings with Negro villagers. In a letter to the *Times* he predicted that those whose lot it might be to traverse the regions through which Mr. Stanley forced his way, shooting down those who resisted his passage and compelling all and sundry to supply food and carriers, would reap bitter fruit where he had sown the seeds of distrust and hatred ; they would find to their cost, said Burton, that "Mr. Stanley has made a hell's high-way through Africa, which few can hope to pass and live." This remonstrance from an African explorer of exceptional experience, it is but fair to assume was not altogether thrown away on Mr. Stanley ; at all events his roughness and impatience appear to have been somewhat toned down in later years. Still his belief in the sovereign efficacy of an abundant supply of cartridges has not been abandoned. Before setting out to rescue Emin Pasha, Mr. Stanley deemed it necessary to provide himself with a Maxim gun which could make short work of African obstructives, and he recruited in the slums of Cairo Soudanese desperadoes some of whom later on Major Barttelot found himself impelled to flog and shoot to an extent which shocked Mr. Stanley's sensibilities beyond measure. We concur in Mr. Stanley's pious opinion that in Africa self-control is more indispensable than gunpowder, and we have no desire to dissent from his further statement that "under the provocation of African travel persistent self-control is impossible without real heart-felt sympathy for the natives with whom one has to deal." Livingstone himself could not have made a profession of faith more becomingly ; but then Livingstone did not pile up cartridge boxes as part of his luggage, nor order a Maxim gun and have himself pictured in the *Pall Mall Gazette* working the deadly tube which gives forth six hundred shots a minute. The looker-on may be excused if he believes that the exercise of persistent self-control founded on and sustained by heartfelt sympathy, is not likely to be guaranteed by the possession of the newest and most deadly weapons of precision in the midst of those with whom one is anxious to sympathise. It is not easy to understand Mr. Stanley's point of view when he states impressively that to rule the natives of Africa and even to keep one's life amongst them "it is needful to resolutely regard them as children," who must be dealt with without caprice or anger, and then adds almost in the same breadth that "Africa is not inhabited by timid Hindus, or puny Australians, but by millions of robust courageous men." Mr. Stanley cannot be accused by his worst enemies with being a man of one idea. He has an enviable capacity for seeing things in different lights.

It might perhaps be not uncharitable to give Mr. Stanley the benefit of the theory which Commander Cameron—himself a passed master in African exploration—propounds in the current *Fortnightly Review* for the benefit of African explorers who are confronted with their own accounts of their doings. Alluding to the well-known delight experienced by Sir Richard Burton in mystifying his friends by frightful tales of his own wickedness always presenting his conduct in the blackest possible colours, Mr. Cameron relates that the famous travellers in question pointed out how easily accusation might be baudied about, for which the only foundation was the delirious fancy of a fever-stricken brain. He maintained, that an idea conceived during an acute attack of fever endures long afterwards, while the fever though apparently cured is still latent, and the impression retained by the memory is as permanent and as real as that arising from an actual occurrence. Commander Cameron vouches for the accuracy of this view from personal experience. Burton went further, and attributed to the morbid influences of solitude, and restricted companionship together with bad food which left the brain as well as the body badly nourished and irritable, many random sayings, and even writings, which have brought discredit upon other travellers. We may have here the key and the explanation of much that is lamentable in the so-called revelations poured forth in such protentous profusion in this rear guard controversy.

THE relentless crushing-out of the Redskin in North America has produced an outbreak the consequence of which will be bloodshed and carnage to an extent it is scarcely possible to limit. The telegrams bring news that the rising which has been threatening for the last two months has now come to a head. Seventy-five American soldiers have been killed, and three hundred Indian men, women, and children massacred. For the past six months smouldering discontent had showed signs of breaking out. "One can hardly blame the Indians after all," writes a Dakota correspondent, "the Whites rob them right and left, from Uncle Sam himself (the American Government) down to the storekeeper who sells them cabbage leaves for tobacco at five dollars a pound." The doomed tribes have been elbowed out of their settlements and their reservations have failed to furnish sufficient food for their bare sustenance. The Government's supply of provisions has been frequently declared in the Senate to be inadequate. Starvation is the true cause of their present hostility. The total number of Indians in the United States is estimated at 143,302 settled, and 179,332 unsettled. From the former, we presume no trouble need be feared ; from the latter class, migratory tribes, even if not likely to combine to any great extent, represent a large reserve from which troublesome hordes may be drawn. The States of North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Wyoming in which the Sioux tribes principally abound constitute the centre of the disturbances. Here extensive missionary efforts have been put forth and the braves who now ignore the Great Spirit who, traditionally, was to lead them to the Happy Hunting Grounds have become ardent Christians. A new "Messiah" and a new "Virgin Mary" are reported to have sprung up amongst them. The former, whose identity has not yet been determined, declared that before six months had elapsed a great earthquake would shake the earth, a new layer six feet deep of soil would cover the ground, burying all the hated Whites, the Redskins only being spared, while the buffalo would again abound, and the tribal chieftains reign supreme. The false prophets were arrested, the new "Messiah" being set to saw stove-wood in the military guardroom. A withered squaw, calling herself the "Virgin Mary" is employed washing the officer's linen. The "Messiah" had not it is believed preached revolution but had advised the braves to wait patiently for the fulfilment of his prophecy. But Sitting Bull, the chief medicine-man of the tribe,—whom the American papers describe as a "crafty brave, ambitious, and blood-thirsty savage" has done much to foster the discontent and bring about the decision of braves to go on the war-path, a proceeding which in the winter is contrary to all common sense. The mention of Sitting Bull's name, even as a passive, but acquiescent spectator of the agitation, would, the *New York World* declares, be sufficient cause for alarm. Few Indians in all the history of the Indian warfare, have excelled him in generalship, and in that rude diplomacy which has characterised the race since the days of Powhatan. He has been the chief instigator and is mainly responsible for the developments of the last few weeks. The "Messiah" declared against fighting ; the earth was to be all good hereafter ; men must be friends with one another. He said if any man disobeyed his orders his tribe would be wiped from the face of the earth. But this was not according to Indian traditions and war dances followed Sitting Bull's condemnation of the pacific policy. It appears that the military were ordered to disarm the warriors and had proceeded to Porcupine Creek for the purpose when the Indians suddenly rose ; the massacre of their women and children followed. This butchery has not unnaturally given a great shock to public opinion in New York.

THE eighth volume of Blackie's Modern Cyclopædia has just been issued, and brings to completion a highly useful and very successful work. Dr. Annandale, the editor and Messrs. Blackie, the publishers, have just reason to congratulate themselves and the public on the fact that this arduous undertaking has been carried through without a hitch, all the volumes being issued at the date originally fixed. The ... cal, biographical, scientific, ... of knowledge have been ... competent body of specialists ... assistance in the preparation ... eight thousand articles ... convenient volumes ... reference. The usefulness of the work is enhanced by well executed illustrations, which facilitate and complete the explanations in the text. The key to Egyptian hieroglyphics is given, and—to outsiders—the scarcely less puzzling Morse's alphabet is made as clear as print. Excellent maps elucidate the geographical articles.

H. E. Lord Harris has kindly consented to open to the public on Tuesday, February 3, at 5-15 p. m., the Exhibition of Pictures, Sculpture, and Photography, which with the permission of Government will be again held at the Secretariat. On the previous evening at 9 p. m. there will be one of those pleasant conversaziones of the Society, for members and their lady-friends, to afford them a private view of the pictures.

TO-DAY being the 1st of January the annual parade of troops will be held in honour of the proclamation of her Majesty Queen Victoria as Empress of India ; but an alteration has been made in the arrangements. Instead of the Gloster Regiment and Royal Artillery parading at Colaba, the 4th Bombay Infantry and the 21st Bombay Infantry at Bandora, all will parade at Colaba at 7-30 a.m.

LADY HARRIS left Grant Road Station last night for Ahmedabad, Captain Forbes and Rissaldar Major Roopsing, A.-D.-C. to H. E. Lord Harris, attended at the departure of her Ladyship.

MR. J. NUGENT, C.S., late Chief Secretary to Government, accompanied by Mrs. Nugent, proceeded to Calcutta last night. There were present at the Victoria Terminus to see them off Mr. G. W. Vidal, acting Chief Secretary to Government, Mr. J. McNab Campbell, C.S., acting Collector of Customs, Mr. W. H. Holland, Superintendent of Police, Sattara, Mr. J.E. Cohiyar, Assistant Secretary to Government, Revenue, and General Departments, Mr. M. N. Wadia, Assistant Secretary to Government, Judicial and Political Departments, Khan Saheb Cursetjee R. Thanawalla, and Messrs. H. C. Coorlawalla, and F. R. Joshi.

THE Athens correspondent of the *Standard*, says a recent article in that paper, advocating the restitution to Greece of the Elgin Marbles, has made an excellent impression there. The Greeks would look upon the restitution of those precious fragments as an act of justice, however tardy, and be grateful accordingly. Their return would go far to revive that enthusiasm for England, which has of late somewhat cooled down.

KROUKOWSKI, the Russian "Fra Diavolo," who has just been convicted at Lodzk, was in some degree, says a Paris correspondent, a boulevardier, and ten years ago ran the rig here of a spendthrift Crœsus. In his youth he was often taken to Paris, and received part of his education in a school in the Rue de Courcelles. His parents belonged to the circle of the late Prince Demidoff, and when Kroukowski ran through his fortune in Paris and at the gay winter resorts of the South of France, he determined to organize a gang of bandits, and to terrorise and plunder the province of Volhynia. His first recruits were his men-servants, who perhaps were slavishly obedient to him, and from habits of docility allowed him to enrol them in a gang having robbery for its object. Peasants were then constrained to accept his leadership. He conceived the scheme as a boy in reading Schiller's "Die Rauber." "Social Justice" was on their banner, and they pillaged the country, houses of the nobles, letting the villages alone. Kroukowski had a genius for disguising himself. It often enabled him when hemmed in by troops to escape through them. When Russia was made too hot for him, he got away to Galicia to begin afresh. He was there closely pursued. One day he was on the point of being taken. He was in a Russian officer's uniform, and the idea struck him of going to call on the Austrian officer who was pursuing him. As the orderly was taking up his card he jumped on a saddled horse, and galloped off. He was once offered by the father of a fair prisoner a large fortune if he would marry her and desert, but having a passion for a village girl, he refused. It was at a rendezvous with this girl that he was taken, after fighting like a tiger. As he had never killed any one, a capital sentence was not passed, but the prisoner was condemned to penal servitude for life in Siberia.

M. GAMBETTA, the father of the great French statesman, after suffering long from cancer in the stomach, died on Thursday, the 4th ult., in his 76th year. He was quite uneducated, but was shrewd and gentle-mannered, with much half-hidden fire and mother wit. He travelled a great deal as an itinerant dealer when he was young, and even pushed as far as Turkey and Egypt. Though of simple ways, he was not at all vulgar. He was much opposed to his son's choice of a profession, which was that of a professor of law and not as his father wished, that of grocer in a country town. Old M. Gambetta was a Genoese. He had a distinctly Italian physiognomy. The eyes remained black and bright to the end, but the face took a yellow waxen tinge. His hair was long and thick and quite white, and his beard, shaved at the chin, formed a kind of collar under the throat. Daily, with his head erect, he visited the graves of his wife and son in the cemetery at Nice to lay flowers on them. His housekeeper was an old Cahors servant, Miette, who nursed him in his long illness with devotion. His daughter, Madame Leris, arrived at Nice just as he had died. M. Gambetta would not suffer his son to be buried during his own lifetime anywhere but at Nice. The remains of the great orato will now, however, probably soon be removed to Pere Lachaise, and grand funeral honours be given them a second time. France still gets on without Gambetta, but his death caused a void which is yet unfilled.

ONE hundred million of sheep—such, roughly speaking, is, according to Mr. W. A. Tempering, the total wealth of Australia invested in those bleating flocks which were the standard and outward token of riches in the pastoral communities of the ancient world. In his paper read before the Tynside Geographical Society, Mr. Tempering gave an graphic picture of

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

MEETING OF MESSRS. PARNELL AND O'BRIN.

ONDON, Dec. 31.

essrs. Parnell and W. O'Bn held a prolonged rence at Boulogne yesterey. Their meeting a cordial one, and they afterwards lunched to- er.

is officially announced that the conference will sumed in a few days, but details are given.

GREAT FIRE IN HE CITY.

great fire took place in Qeen-Victoria Street) last night. A whole blok of business build- was destroyed as also the Welsh Church. e damage done is estimate at £300,000.

THE FINANCIAL TROUBLES OF ARGENTIN.

ONDON, Dec. 31.

e Argentine Government hve accepted certain osals made by the London Committee headed he Rothschilds for the relief of the financial bles of the Republic.

THE TROOPING SERVICE.

er Majesty's Indian Troopship Euphrates sailed Portsmouth for Bombay this morning.

THE AMERICAN INDIAN WAR.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

NEW YORK, Dec. 30.

he slaughter of Indians at Porcupine Creek the cruel massacre of women and children has ted an intense ferment throughout the whole of Indian territory, even among the Friendlies. he settlers in outlying stations fearing a general ssacre are hastening into the camps of the itary.

hirty Indians to-day attacked a party of Cavalry rting an ammunition train close to Pine Ridge ncy.

he whole of the thirty were killed.

NEW YORK, Dec. 31.

atest advices from the seat of war state a Regiment of United States Cavalry is rning to Pine Ridge with seven hundred soners.

uch anxiety is felt regarding the safety of the Ridge Agency, which is garrisoned by a hand- of Infantry only, whilst five thousand Sioux ians of uncertain temper are encamped in the ighbourhood.

THE ANTI-SLAVERY CONFERENCE.

BRUSSELS, Dec. 30.

he representative of the Dutch Government has ed the decisions arrived at by the Anti-Slavery nference, including those relating to the Import ties to be levied in the Congo State.

EMIN PACHA'S RECALL.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.

A despatch received from Major von Wissmann s that Emin Pacha's action towards the tribes frustrated all the pacific plans formed by Mr. Stokes, therefore he recalled him.

he German Government has ordered Major von Wissmann to send Emin Pacha's own report on the matter.

THE INCOMING MAIL.

ADEN, Dec. 30.

he P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. Siam, with the ward English Mails of the 19th inst., left here Bombay to-day, at 6 p.m., and the s. s. Victoria Colombo and Australia at the same time.

THE APPROACHING CAMP OF EXERCISE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Dec. 31.

Nos 3 and 11 Batteries Southern Division Royal Artillery from Bombay, which are to take part in the camp of exercise, will arrive here by a special train on the morning of the 3rd instant with a siege train for the operations. Detailed instructions regarding medical arrangements at Camp have just been issued. Brigade Surgeon R. P. Ferguson will be the Principal Medical Officer for the Poona Force assisted by Surgeon Major Bull, Surgeons Trask Barnes, Thacker, Street, Hudson, and others. The base hospital for this force will be on the cross-cuntry race course at Yerrowda. Surgeon Major Barren will have the principal medical charg of the Kirkee Force, being assisted by Surgeon-Major Sargent, Surgeons Burness, Smith, and Durant. When the two forces will unite to form the Division Brigade Surgeon Ferguson will be the Principal Medical Officer of the whole. It is generally believed that Colonel Rawlins will relieve General Solly-Flood of the personal command of the troops during the manœuvres owing to the indisposition of the General. The 18th Bombay Grenadiers will arrive here to-morrow morning from Nasser. It is notified that the head-quarters and five companies of the 2nd Royal Lancaster Regiment, under orders for Ahmednagar, will leave Karachi in the troopship Canning on the 17th January. The remaining three companies, two for Satara and one for Kirkee, will leave Karachi in the same trooper on the 27th.

HINDU SOCIAL CUSTOM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 31.

At the instance of several repectable gentlemen Rao Bahadur Motibhai called a public meeting to memorialize Government against legislative interference, direct or indirect, in social matters. The chair was given to Sircar Rao Bahadur Vaherdas. Among those present were :—Rao Saheb Lalubhai, Rao Bahadur Motibhai, Professor Manilal, Rao Saheb Bâuji, Sett Sankalchand, Mr. Pranjivandas, and other gentlemen. Speeches were delivered supporting and explaining the object of the meeting. In spite of Mr. Pranjivandas's effort to move the meeting in favour of legislation a committee, consisting of the, President and Messrs. Motibhai, Manilal, and Dolatram, was unanimously appointed to prepare the memorial against Government interference in social matters, and send it to Government.

NEW YEAR'S HONOURS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 31.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

H. E. the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order :—

To be K. C. S. I.—Alexander Mackenzie, Esq.

To be C. S. I.—William Young, Esq., Judicial Commissioner, Oudh ; David Lyall, Esq., Commissioner, Chittagong Colonel Powlett, Resident, Western Rajputana.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

H. E. the Grand Master of the Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order :—

To be K. C. I. E.—The Maharajah of Benares.

To be C. I. I.—James Mackay, Esq., President, Bengal Chamber of Commerce ; Colonel Lowis Tucker, Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Punjab ; Theodore Cook, Esq., Principal, Poona College ; Brigade Surgeon Brown, late Principal, Lahore Medical College ; James O'Connor, Esq., Assistant Secretary, to the Government of India, Finance Department; Dr. Hendley, Residency Surgeon, Jeypore ; William Daly, Esq., Police Superintendent, Burma ; Charles Murray, Esq., Assistant Police Superintendent, Bengal ; Ernest Walker, Esq, Assistant Superintendent of Telegraphs, late employed in the Chin Expedition ; and Rama Iyo, Dewan of Travancore.

NATIVE DISTINCTIONS.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Raja as a personal distinction upon Sir Savalai Ramswamy of Madras.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Maharaja as a personal distinction upon the Thakore Saheb of Bhownagar.

Several minor titles have also been distributed in the three Presidencies.

THE DELHI-KALKA RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 31.

The Delhi-Kalka Railway which is to be opened on the 1st January, has just been finally inspected by Colonel Pettle, Deputy Consulting Engineer.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF AND THE FRONTIER EXPEDITIONS.

Sir Frederick Roberts is at present engaged with the Adjutant-General settling preliminaries of the Miranzai and Black Mountain Field Forces. Poona being cut out, H. E. the Commander-in-Chief's second tour will be considerably modified.

THE MOGHUL-SERAI DALTONGUNGE STATE RAILWAY.

Mr. Hodges, Engineer-in-Chief, being still occupied on survey the formal sanction has not been given yet to the construction of the Moghul-Serai-Daltongunge State Railway. Mr. Chernside, late deputy manager, Warora Coalfields, is assisting Mr. Hodges.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, Dec. 30.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Clyde arrived here from Bombay this morning.

ADEN, Dec. 31.

The I. S. N. Company's steamer Kerbella sailed from here yesterday evening.

THE M. M. Steamer Labordonnais, having left Kurrachee on Tuesday night at eight o'clock, is due here this afternoon.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 30.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollerah	4 1-16.
The Manchester market has been firm.	
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight.	1s. 5⅞d.
2 per cent. Consols for account...	95⅞
3 per cent. French Rentes	95¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	81
4 per cent. "	83
3 per cent. Sterling Loan	107¼
Bar Silver	47⅛

MILITARY NEWS.

COLONEL M. S. BELL, V. C., lately in charge of the India Intelligence Department, and who since his return to England has been commanding Royal Engineer at Shrncliffe, has followed his old chief, Lord Wolseley, to Irand, having been appointed to a similar position on the staff of the Dublin District. It was Colonel Bell who came so prominently to notice in the Ashanti Campaign in which he led the scouts, and was awarded the Victoria Cross, on Lord Wolseley's special recommendation, for distinguished gallantry.

COLONEL W. F. KELLY, Royal Sussex Regiment, will succeed Colonel F. Cardew as Assistant Adjutant-General in South Africa. Colonel Kelly went out as Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General in June, 1888.

A DISTINGUISHED Service Reward of £100 per annum has been awarded to Major-General the Hon'ble C. V. Thesiger. General Thesiger joined the Army August 5, 1853, and became a Major-General October 7, 184. He acted as Orderly Officer to Brigadier Pate, commanding the Cavalry Brigade during the Campaign of 1860 in China, and was present at the affairs of August 12, September 18 and 21, and the capture of Pekin (medal with two clasps).

THE regimental commands falling vacant in December under the limitation rule are—the 9th Lancers (Colonel the Hon'ble H. Degge) and 2nd Battalion, Scottish Rifles (Colonel G. J. Hamilton), on December 15th ; and the 1st Battalion, Dorsetshire Regiment (Colonel M. W. E. Gosset, C.B.), on December 15th.

AFTER December 31st all promotions of Lieutenant-Colonels to the brevet rank of Colonel under the present four-years rule will cease, and only those specially selected or holding qualifying appointments can hope to attain the rank of Colonel. The title of Lieutenant-Colonel will be the higest to which the majority of officers can hope to attain.

It is officially announced that His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has consented to resume the command of his old regimeut, the Honourable Artillery Company. His Royal Highness resigned the position in 1888, owing to statements that were made to him respecting the loyalty and discipline of the regiment. These statements have been refuted, and from representations made to His Royal Highness by old and true friends of the regiment, he has notified his willingness to return. Her Royal Highness the Princess, it is expected, will present the prizes at an early date.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief, the Adjutant-General has issued the following notice to the generals of all military districts at home and abroad : "The attention of His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief having been called to the fact that special orders of a laudatory nature are occasionally issued on the departure of staff officers on relinquishing their appointments, I am to acquaint you that the publication of such order is unusual and contrary to the custom of the service, and is not approved by His Royal Highness."

ON the occasion of her Majesty decorating Sergeants Watts and McAudrow and Corporal Portman, Royal Artillery, with the medal for distinguished conduct in the field, General the Right Hon'ble Sir Henry Ponsonby and Major General Sir John McNeill (Equerry in Waiting) were in attendance on her Majesty.

ECHOES OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, Dec 11.

ONCE more we have begun to breathe. "The crisis which wur to have arriven have arroved," announced Orator Pop in one of his Fourth of July orations. Well ; the political chaos having come, is gone, and nobody seems to be much the worse for it. It may be that it is not amiss to be somewhat chaotic now and then. After a week of the wildest incoherence things are beginning to settle down into something like steadiness ; and have we not a brand new scandal to revel in and gloat over in the financial libel trial at the Old Bailey ?

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The echoes of that tremendous tempest of talk in the Committee Room at Westminster which enabled Londoners to acquire a foretaste of what a Home Rule Parliament in College Green, Dublin, would be like, had scarcely died away ere the House of Lords, at the sarcastic instigation of the Marquis of Salisbury, administered the cruellest of snubs to an aged peer who, if he had only been suffered to have his way, might have been hailed by the next generation as one of the greatest public benefactors of the nineteenth century. I mean the Right Hon. Lord Denman.

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The venerable scion of the renowned Whig Judge to whom the English language owes the proverbial locution "a mockery, a délusion, and a snare," brought a Bill into the Upper House to limit the duration of speeches in that august assembly. Would you believe it, that when Lord Denman's little Bill came on for a second reading, Lord Salisbury moved that such reading should take place that day ten months, and the House concurring the measure collapsed ?

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We have many nuisances, many grievances, many positive plagues of which to complain ; but among them there is scarcely one more annoying, more irritating, more depressing than long-winded, verbose, flatulent Talk. We have really no great orators left. We have not many fairly good public speakers ; but we are afflicted with a multitude of "spouters," now garrulous and now sententious, now frivolous and now ponderous, but who are all ready, as the Americans phrase it, "to talk the leg off an iron pot," and the verbatim reports of whose diffuse deliverances are the despair of newspaper readers. If Lord Denman had only been able to carry his Bill it would have been as the thin end of the wedge ; and ere long we might have seen interminable Jaw banished, not only from the Lords, but from the Commons, too ; from the law courts ; from public meeting platforms, and from public dinners.

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M. Armand Gautier of the French Academy of Medicine, and a member of the Paris Hygienic Council, has made the alarming forecast that the French capital is in a fair (or foul ?) way of becoming as foggy and as smoky as London. The cause of the increase of "thick and toxic vapours" which daily mingle with the now chronic midwinter fogs, is, so thinks M. Gautier, to be found in the numerous steam engines which are now at work nearly all over the city for the production of electricity.

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Over the smoke of London all the year round, and the smoke *plus* for which shroud the British metropolis from late winter to early spring, I have moaned my moan, in this column and elsewhere, over and over again. The smoke and the fog make life in London for full five months out of the twelve almost unbearable. The smoke begrimes our houses, smirches our linen, puts our nails into half-mourning ten minutes after we have cut them, and gives the evergreens in the back garden a top dressing of soot. The fog gets down our throats, nearly chokes us, makes our eyes smart, provokes street accidents, swells the gas bill, and hinders Sir Frederick Leighton and Mr. Alma Tedema—and how many more hunderds of artists ?—from finishing their pretty pictures for next year's Exhibition.

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That the smoke-fog vapours are "thick," who shall deny ? But are they "topic," that is to say poisonous ? Very possibly M. Armand Gautier imagines smoky, foggy London to be a dreadfully unhealthy city. But what was the death rate in London in 1884 ? Eighteen per 1,000, as against thirty in Salford, and thirty-two in Liverpool.

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"When we were boys," as a distinguished Irish patriot might say, one of our prime favourites among the woodcuts in the *Penny Magazine* was the picture of the great "shield," divided into compartments full of workmen, by means of which Brunel's Thames Tunnel was being excavated. But the fine art of tunnelling has vastly improved since the *Penny Magazine* days. I read in the *Engineer* that in the construction of the tunnel which is being made for the new main line of the Great Northern in connection with the Metropolitan traffic at King's Cross a new apparatus, the invention of Messrs. Jennings and Stannard, of Victoria Street, Westminster, is being used. And of what do you think does this apparatus consist ? Why, needles.

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The "needles," to be sure are 10 feet long and 2 inches thick. They are steel bars which are placed side by side around the excavation so as to form a complete covering and support to the roof, and within the steel palisade the permanent brick arch of the tunnel is built. The object of this environment of "needlework" is to support the superincumbent earth, and thus prevent the subsidence which is rarely obviated by the old system of "timbering."

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At last, it is reported from Paris, the long-expected "Memoirs" of Talleyrand" are about to make their appearance. The Duc de Broglie, the present custodian of the MSS. of the club-footed and caustic-witted statesman and diplomatist, who began his career as Bishop of Autun, is busily employed in the preparation of the "copy" for the press. It is stated, however, that only a very languid amount of interest is being taken in the matter by the Parisians. The truth would seem to be that the best of Talleyrand's witticisms have passed into the "chestnut" stage, and that as a politician he is more than half forgotten.

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When I read that the Federal House of Representatives at Washington have passed the International Copyright Bill, and that it is confidently expected that the Bill will also be passed by the Senate and signed by President Harrison, I begin to hope for the best in respect to the prospects of the British author ; but, at the same time, one can scarcely help remembering the fate of a certain Tantalus whom Zeus condemned to remain for ever and ever, up to his chin in a lake, the waters of which withdrew when Tantalus wished to drink ; while branches laden with ripe fruit hung above his head, but cautiously receded when the wretch stretched forth his hand to pluck them. They say that Tantalus had been a King of Lydia or Argos, or Corinth, or some where "out East." I think he was an author.

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That versatile young German Emperor has come out in a new character—that of Ensign Northerton in "Tom Jones." You remember what that gallant officer said about Homer—"Homo," as he called him. I am afraid that the ensign's allusion to "the blind old man of Scio's rocky isle" was coupled with an expletive beginning with a big D. Kaiser Wilhelm never swears ; but, in a recent speech at Berlin, he has denounced the teaching of Latin and Greek quite as vigorously as the illiterate soldier did in Fielding's novel.

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"Cruel, one-sided, and eternal cramming." This, according to the Emperor, is the educational system pursued in the gymnasia of the Fatherland. Acknowledging, as every earnest seeker after knowledge must do, the immeasurable debt of gratitude which the civilised world owes to the patient, laborious, exhaustive, and enlightened scholarship and criticism of Germany, it is, at the same time, somewhat droll to remember that in England we are complaining that the Germans are too well educated, not in a classical but in a commercial sense. The City Clerks' Alliance have been memorialising the Lord Mayor, praying him to prevent, if he can—and his lordship can't—the employment of foreign and especially of German clerks by City firms

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Why do these Teuton quilldrivers succeed so largely in pushing our own countrymen from their stools ? Because, so they tell me, the German clerks usually speak and write French and English fluently and correctly, in addition to their own language. Then there are the German waiters, who are rapidly superseding the native "Robert." These waiters have probably not been educated in gymnasia ; yet, somehow or other—perhaps with the aid of indomitable will and Dr. Ollendorff—they have contrived to make themselves linguists. "Robert" rarely knows any language but his own, and that he is apt to mangle.

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It may be that a little too much virtuous indignation has been lavished by the newspapers on the ladies who crowded the bench and the gallery at the Central Criminal Court during the trial of the wretched woman now lying under sentence of death for a most foul and unnatural murder. The ladies only went to the Old Bailey to see how the murderess looked in the dock, and have a peep at the poker, and the knife with which the deed was done. They were only stimulated by curiosity, poor things ; and at what period of the world's history, since Eve got into trouble about that apple, has feminine curiosity been dormant ?

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The ladies of the Court of Louis XV. had a special gallery for their accommodation at the execution of the abortive assassin Damiens. After he had been tormented in a variety of hideous ways for about half-an-hour, he was torn asunder by four horses. He was difficult to disintegrate ; and the carters had to whip the horses to make them tug the harder at the limbs, which were secured to their necks by cords. As the carters lashed the labouring steeds the sympathetic Court ladies fell to crying and sobbing "*Oh, les pauv' cheevaux !*" They pitied the horses. They failed to compassionate the disintegrating Damiens.

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There is a very easy way, I take it, of sparing ourselves the trouble of being so very virtuously indignant with the fair ones who are so fond of attending trials for murder. Let the authorities, whoever they are, who have the privilege of distributing tickets of admission to these grim spectacles, resolutely decline to grant any tickets at all to ladies, and, to prevent accidents, make the tickets untransferable.

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Doctors are not the only sages who occasionally differ. The learned judge who sentenced the miserable woman Wheeler, *alias* Pearcey, to be hanged, advised the jury not to allow themselves to be worried by persons who might seek to extract from them some inklings of information as to how they had arrived at their verdict. Yet the very next day another learned judge, in which the verdict had gone against the plaintiff, told the unsuccessful litigant that it might be some consolation to him to know that eleven of the twelve honest men in the jury box had been in his favour.

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Multifarious are the attributes of a charter, municipal or otherwise. It may be petitioned for, granted, opposed, sequestrated, confiscated, and even burnt. When old Montague House was the home of the British Museum, they used to show in the room at the top of the grand staircase a shrivelled lump of blackened parchment, which you were told was one of the original copies of Magna Charta, which had been rescued from a great fire in Dean's Yard, Westminster. But did you ever hear of a charter being driven round a town ? That is shortly to be, if it has not already been, the fate of the newly-granted charter of Chatham, of which I read in the columns of an esteemed contemporary. "The charter is to be conveyed by special train, *and will be driven round the town on its arrival.*" It is to be hoped that the Town Council of Chatham will offer the charter some refreshment when the driving is over.

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Much dismay has been caused among the literary and journalistic members of the Reform Club by the appearance in a recent number of the *Illustrated London News* of an article entitled "Clubland," in which, among some pictures which are really admirable in design and execution, there is a fearful and wonderful presentment of a group of *litterateurs* who are supposed to lunch together, on most working days, at a particular table in the coffee room. The likenesses are very good ; but the disproportion of some of the figures to each other is ludicrous.

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Mr. Wemyss Reid, for example, seems to have the length of Chang, the Chinese giant, and the breadth of the Farnese Hercules. Mr. William Black, the novelist, looks taller than Mr. James Payn. The lunchers all appear to be quaffing champagne, whereas it is well known that the author of "A Princess of Thule" never drinks anything stronger than raspberry vinegar and apollinaris ; that Mr. Wemyss Reid's favourite beverage is ginger pop ; that it is generally in cold cocoa, dashed with gentian, that the author of "Lost Sir Massingbred" and "By Proxy" pledges you ; and that the invariable tipple of Mr. J. R. Robinson of the *Daily News* is, *aqua pura* with a cinder in it.

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Incidental to a brisk little controversy which is progressing in one of the evening papers as to whether the male Briton is usually polite or the contrary to the British Fair is an anecdote of an English gentleman who showed some courteous little attentions to an elderly American lady travelling between the continent and this country. In parting from him, with many warm expressions of gratitude, the lady remarked that when she returned to Boston she should tell her friends that during a sojurn of some months in Europe, she had at least met with *one* polite Englishman.

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The *mot* was neat and quite *a l'Americaine* ; but I came across a keener, bit of repartee lately in the "Personal Recollections of the Duc de Broglio." During the Peninsular War, a French diplomatist named Montrond—he was a great friend of Talleyrand, and is frequently mentioned in "Raikes's Journal"—escaped from the coast of Spain, and took refuge on board a British admiral's flagship. The admiral did not receive the fugutive with a very good grace ; in fact, he was slightly rude to him, and one day at dinner was discourteous enough to say, in the presence of his guest, that all Frenchmen, without exception, were rascals. To which M. de Montrond, looking his host full in the face, made answer : "Sir, I have travelled much in England, and I am of opinion that all Englishmen are gentlemen, *with one or two exceptions.*

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The *Daily News* opines that Mr. Justice Hawkins, without pretending to rival Dr. Koch or M. Pasteur, may yet claim a place among the discoveries of cures. Dealing with an almost inaudible witness at Chelmsford, the learned judge told him that he would give him "something for his throat," and that his expenses would not be allowed him if he did not speak louder. The prescription is said to have instantaneously restored the patient's voice.

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But there were "instantaneous cures" long before the days of Mr. Justice Hawkins. Do you not remember how (according to Shakspeare, 2nd Henry VI., II. 1) Crooked-back Richard of Gloster restored Saunder Simpcox, the cripple, to the use of his legs ? The crafty duke set a stool before Saunder and bade the beadle of St. Albans lash him with his whip until he jumped over the stool and ran away. This, stimulated by the scourge, S. Simpcox presently did, and the townspeople ran after him, crying "A Miracle !" A truly Hawkinsian cure.

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A gang of rogues, otherwise railway cardsharpers and who would be all the better for the discipline of the beadle of St. Albans—with Crooked back Gloster standing by to see fair— have just been hunted down by the detective police. On searching some of the knaves there were found on them several notes of the "Bank of Engraving." Now I "have had my knife"—to use the not very elegant but forcible expression of a distinguished philanthropist at a recent meeting of the governors of the London Hospital—into these "flash notes" of the "Bank of Engraving" and the "Bank of Elegance" these many years past, and I hold that the circulation of such mischievous shams is a public scandal which should be no longer tolerated by the law.

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I want a very short Act of Parliament, please—one of a couple of clauses will serve—making it a misdemeanour punishable by imprisonment to engrave, to print, or to sell wholesale or retail, any note purporting to be of the "Bank of Engraving," or the "Bank of Elegance," or any colourable imitation of the paper currency of the Bank of England. These shams are frequent and dangerous helps to deception, swindling, and robbery, and they should be seized and destroyed wherever they are found.

GEORGE AGUSTUS SALA.

RETURN OF THE CZAREWITCH TO BOMBAY.

H. I. H. THE CZAREWITCH and his suite arrived at the Victoria Terminus, of the G. I. P. Railway, at 6 o'clock, railway time, last night. He left Nandgaon at seven this morning, according to his arranged programme, and the train halted at Egutpoora at 11-30, where breakfast was served in the dining saloon of the train. A second stoppage was made at Titwalla at 4 p.m. for tea, and the train arrived in Bombay one hour before the time allowed. The order in which the train was made up was as follows:—In the first saloon were the Czarewitch and Prince George of Greece with a European servant. In the second saloon were Prince Bariatinsky and his Excellency M. Unou with a European servant. In a first-class carriage were Prince Obolensky and Prince Oukhomsky, and in another compartment were Dr. Rambach and M. Gritzenko. In another first-class carriage were Prince Kochubey and Captain Walkoff ; and in another compartment were Colonel Gerard and an Aide-de-Camp to his Excellency the Governor. In another first-class carriage were Sir Donald Mackenzie Wallace and Mr. A. H. Hardinge ; and in another compartment were Captain H. M. Grover and Lieutenant A. Newnham. In another carriage were Mr. Scannell, two native officers of the Central India Horse, and Moonshee Ayiyadin. A second-class carriage accommodated five European servants and four orderlies, and two third-class carriages about twenty servants and other servants of the mess contractor. Mr. Keilly, Passenger Superintendent, joined the special at Egutpoora, which was in charge of Mr. Scannell, Superintendent, G. I. P. Railway Police, and his assistant Mr. Jeffries. At the Czarewitch's special request there was no guard of honour-at-the station. His Imperial Highness, attired in an ordinary tweed suit, and Prince George of Greece immediately left the train on its arrival, and were met by Colonel Collingwood, who attended in the absence of General Budgen, Commanding the Bombay District, Major Sawyer, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Captain Forbes, Aide-de-Camp to H. E. the Governor, Mr. G. A. Barnett, Agent, G. I. P. Railway, Mr. Conder, General Traffic Manager, Mr. W. H. Middleton, District Traffic Superintendent, and Officers of the Russian Squadron.

The passage from the train to the waiting room was laid with crimson cloth, and edged with ferns and Chinese lanterns. The first-class waiting room was specially furnished, and the Czarwitch and suite remained there until 7-30, when dinner was served in the refreshment room. Covers were laid for thirty, and Mr. D. Borri, the contractor, had the hall splendidly decorated with flowers for the occasion. The following is the menu :—

A SOU ALTESSE IMPERIALE DE CZAREWITCH.
Menu.

Spiriteaux	Hors d Œuvres Varices.
Amontillado	Potage Tortue Borchdoh. / Petites bouchees a la Russe
Rudesheimer	Pomphiet bouillie Sauce Polonaise. / Dindo a la Goddard.
Chambertin	Fillet de bœuf saute periguoux. / Vol-au-vent Toulouse.
Heidselik Monopole	Pate de foie gras en aspic. / Beeassine en Salmi. Punch a la Imperiale.
Pommery and Greno	Agneau et oies rotis salade verte.
Port / Madeira	Asperges Sauce Tartare / Cardoas a la medlle. / Moscovite au champagne. / Meringue a la Chantilly.
Liqueurs, etc.	
Fine Champagne	Glaces Dessert.

The Governor's Band was in attendance.

Dinner was concluded at 8-40 p.m., when H. I. H. and his suite proceeded to the special train, where they were met by Mr. G. W. Vidal, C.S, officiating Chief Secretary to Government, Mr. J. MacNab Campbell, C.S., C.S.I., acting Collector of Customs, Mr. A. C. Logan, C.S., Under-Secretary to Government, Judicial Department, Mr. J. R. Duxbury, Traffic Manager, B. B. and C. I. Railway, Mr. H. B. Beaty, Superintendent, B. B. and C. I. Railway Police; and his assistant Khan Sahib Manekshaw Dhunjisha. The train was in charge of Mr. Tadball, District Traffic Superintendent, B. B. and C. I., Mr. Beaty, and Khan Saheb Maneckshaw. The train departed at 9-20, railway time, for Dadar junction on to the B. B. & C. I. Railway for Ahmedabad. His Imperial Highness will halt at Kalumpoora and proceed by the narrow guage railway to Luxmeepoora for deer shooting. He will return to Kalumpoora and proceed by his special train to Baroda where he will take luncheon at the camp of Sir H. Prendergast, Governor-General's Agent at Baroda. The train is due at Ahmedabad at 4-30 to-morrow afternoon. Supt. McDermott was responsible for the police arrangements.

BOMBAY ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT BALL.

THE annual ball given by the Bombay Ordnance Department came off last night, in the Town Hall. For two or three days previous Mr. E. G. Facey, to whom was deputed the general management of the ball, with several assistants, worked with a will to make the dance an enjoyable one, and thoroughly succeeded. The platform in front of the Grand Organ was covered with trees, and in the centre of all was a space allotted to the twelve men of the Marine Battalion, who supplied the music. The large pillars in the hall were decorated with palm leaves, the intervening spaces being filled in with flags and bannerettes, and on several of these were hung small painted shields and escutcheons the work of Mr. Evans of the Ordnance Department. In the centre of the stage was suspended the Union Jack, and on both sides of it stood the two guns of the Department, while beside and underneath them were built up shrapnell and round shot. In various parts of the hall stood piles of arms, while stars made of bayonets and ramrods added greatly to the decorations. Round the statue which stands before the door leading into the hall were several crossed lances and two ancient brass guns. Twenty-four dances were on the programme. After the twelfth, there was a break for supper, and all adjourned to an inner hall, where covers had been laid for about 300 people. The tables were tastefully decorated and much praise is due to Mr. Smith of the Department, to whose lot fell the management of the supper. Shortly before midnight, and before the supper, all hands were called to the centre hall where they joined in singing "Auld Lang Syne," and 1891 was welcomed with cheers. The ball was kept up till the small hours of the morning when the merry party dispersed.

ARRIVAL OF H. M. S. TROOPSHIP CLIVE.

Her Majesty's Indian Marine Troopship "Clive," Captain W. Paul, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Portsmouth, which port she left on the 3rd December. She called at Malta on the 12th, Portsaid on the 16th and Suez on the 18th. She brought 25 officers, 7 ladies, 2 officers' children, 644 European rank and file, 27 women, and 18 children. The vessel experienced stormy weather from Portsmouth to Portsaid, and from Portsaid to Bombay fine weather. The following are the names of the officers.

Lieut Col R W Kaye, R A.
Captain J W Dunlop, R H A.
Captain H K Jackson, R H A.
Captain R C Foster, Field Artillery.
Lieut C J Perceval, Field Artillery.
Lieut C W Clark, Field Artillery.
Lieut R V Vassar Smith, Field Artillery.
2nd Lieut C C Robertson, Field Artillery.
2nd Lieut W K N Madocks, Field Artillery.
2nd Lieut H H Cruickshank, Field Artillery.
2nd Lieut C E Palmer, Field Artillery.
Lieut L J Chapman, Mount Artillery.
2nd Lieut J W Robinson, Mount Artillery.
2nd Lieut R G Partridge, Mount Artillery.
Captain and Mrs W V Constable and child, R E.
Captain W D Burrard Eastern Dn, R A.
2nd Lieut H H Tudor, Eastern Dn, R A.
2nd Lieut E W M Walker, Western Dn, R A.
Surgeon-Major and Mrs W A Parker, Med Staff.
Surgeon J Patisson, Med Staff
Revd J J Archdeacon, R C.
Wife of Captain A B M Gompertz, P Hamps Regt.
Wife of Lieut A Paingdestre B S Corps.
Miss C L Still, Indian Nursing Service.
Miss L M Derham, Indian Nursing Service.
1st Gr officer Geo Stuart Hewett, Ind Marine.
1st Gr officer Ferdinand Elderton, Ind Marine.
2nd Gr officer Seymour Douglas Vole, Ind Marine.
Mr and Mrs F Atkinson, Captain's friends.

A CURIOUS exhibition was held recently at the Savoy Hotel. Messrs. Ritz and Echenard, the managers, have formed a remarkable collection of cigars, of which no fewer than 250,000 were shown. Among the choiest were the Flor de Cuba. Only 500 of these cigaris reach England every year, and the smoker has to intrigue deeply in order to procure a specimen, besides spending five shillings on each cigar that he smokes. A still more expensive cigar is made by Julian Alvarez. Some people might think that they would like to receive as a Christmas present a cabinet packed by the celebrated firm of De Villar [of Villar, containing, 14,000 of their cigars. One learned incidentally at this exhibition that 1888 cigars are rising rapidly in price, owing to the failure of the tobacco crop of 1889 and 1890.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

MESSRS. PARNELL and W. O'Brien are reported to have held a prolonged consultation at Boulogne on Tuesday last ; the result is not published.

A FIRE in Queen Victoria Street, London, on Tuesday night, resulted in destruction of property to the value of £300,000.

THE rising of Indians in America has assumed alarming dimensions. Suddenly, while being disarmed at Porcupine creek, the Indians attacked the troops and a cruel massacre of Indian men, women, and children followed.

A soldier of the Warwickshire Regiment killed another soldier in a fight on Christmas night at Multan. It appears that one man was drunk and the other sober ; and the former was disposed to be noisy and riotous, and to throw about the barrack furniture, on which a quarrel ensued between them, resulting in a fight outside and the sudden and tragic end of the drunken man.

MR. E. F. UNDERWOOD, M.D., a representative of (A) Fort Ward having resigned his office as a Councillor, there is a casual vacancy in the office under Section 9 of the Municipal Act of 1888. Mr. Acworth, the Municipal Commissioner, has therefore, pursuant to the provisions of Section 22 (3) of the said Act, fixed Thursday the 22nd of January 1891 for a Ward Election to fill up the aforesaid casual vacancy.

CAPTAIN J. C. TYLER, R.E., who has been at work for some time past on a private survey of Chitral and some neighbouring parts of the country has arrived in Kashmir, at the Woollar Lake, having left Gilgit about the 5th of November. Owing to the exceptionally early winter the Passes were blocked with snow by the 16th of November, but with courage and perseverance he struggled over, carrying only the slightest of equipment, and marching on foot all the way from the further side of the Burzil Pass, and undergoing considerable privations during the perilous journey.

THE late Lord Wenlock, father of the new Governor of Madras, writes the local *Mail*, advanced the sum of £173,000 for the improvement of the River Dee, and his widow, the present Dowager Lady Wenlock, (sister of the millionaire Duke of Westminister), claimed payment of the money from the River Dee Company. The Company denied its responsibility for more than £25,000. The Baroness thereupon brought an action against the Company for the balance £48,000, and the Court decided in favour of the Company. The Baroness appealed, and the Court of Appeal confirmed the judgment of the Lower Court. She then took the case up to the House of Lords which, on the 12th May 1885, rejected the appeal from the judgment of the Court of Appeal on the ground that the balance which had been applied to paying off the liabilities of the Company had been borrowed *ultra vires* on its part. A younger sister of the Dowager Lady Wenlock is married to Sir Michael Shaw Stewart, Bart., cousin of Major-General J. H. Shaw Stewart, R.E., late Secretary to Government, P. W. D., Madras.

THE restoration of Buddhist monuments and dagobas in Ceylon by the British Government at the request of the King of Siam, is exercising the minds of residents on the Island. One paper is of opinion that so long as work is undertaken by Government officials and public money and prison labour are expended on it, so long will the ignorant people of the Island believe that Government is subsidizing Budhism, which is hardly a satisfactory condition of things. The paper considers that the restoration of monuments of historic or archæological interest in the province of the Royal Asiatic Society or a similar body ; and that the utmost Government can do is to hand over to such Society "a small fixed annual sum," for the purpose.

MOST successful voyages have been made to British Guiana by the first four vessels of the season, the Rhone, Sheila, Main, and Jura. These ships had on board an aggregate of 2,351 emigrants, among whom on the voyage there were seventeen deaths and nineteen births.

LYING and perjury are common in Ceylon as in India ; but a Police Magistrate on the Island is alleged to have taken an extraordinary step to show the detestation in which he holds the crime. While employed in investigating a brutal murde case on the spot in which the murder was committed, the Magistrate had to examine a witness, who lied and prevaricated and lied again, so that the ire of the Magistrate was kindled, who is alleged to have ordered the culprit to be handcuffed and tom-tommed round the village as a liar. This proceeding seems to have roused the tender hearts of certain legal gentlemen present, and complaints were made to the highest quarters, so that an inquiry is to be held into the matter.

THE Government has, upon an application from Mr. W. S. Betts, the Agent of the South Indian Railway Company, made at the instance of his Board of Directors in England, instructed the Accountant-General of Madras to pay to that officer at once a sum of Rs. 33,223, representing 90 per cent of the moiety of surplus profits over the guarantee of four per cent, earned by the S.I. Railway Company during the first half of the present calendar year, which the shareholders are entitled to under the terms of the contract with the Secretary of State.

THE Limban Queen's suit to recover possession of certain jewellery, alleged to have been handed over to his servants on the death of King Mindoon was finally disposed of by the Recorder at Rangoon on the 20th instant, when His Honour gave

the year without the Com[illegible] having begun to show any sign of com[illegible] the work of laying down the line. Madras, however, says the *Times*, is likely soon to see the beginning of the construction of a tramway in her streets and roads, if the newest scheme, lately placed before the Municipal Commissioners by Messrs. Leighton and Co., is accepted. In a general way this new scheme follows the lines proposed by the Indian Tramways Company, but in several important particulars it is an improvement. There are no apparent objections to accepting the new scheme as proposed by its promoters, if, upon consideration, it is thought to be a satisfactory one; there is much in it that will probably command the favorable consideration of the Municipality of Madras, especially when the part is thought of that the tramway, if constructed, would take in aiding the conservancy of this city. It is at least to be hoped that there will be no difficulties placed in the way of the carrying out of some scheme, Madras having long been in want of a tramway.

As a small, isolated territory the Andaman Islands, which have been under scientific observation since 1858, afford excellent scope for studying the growth of new plants intentionally, accidentally, or naturally introduced. Dr. Prain, of Sibpur, has studied the subject, and gives some particulars in a long paper contributed to the Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. Mr. Kurz made a list of the Andaman flora in 1866, recording 520 indigenous species, and the number has since been raised by persistent search to six hundred. The general points of Dr. Prain's discoveries are, that in 1866 fifteen intentionally introduced plants and sixty-one "weeds of cultivation" had become established as an integral portion of the Andaman flora, and that by the present year twenty-three more of the first and fifty-six more of the second have been added. He also observes that four of the naturalized plants noted in 1866 have disappeared. By "weeds of civilization" is meant weeds whose seeds have been carried thither unintentionally. With very few exceptions they are the commonest of Indian roadside and rice-field weeds. A common Indian butterfly has made its appearance since the plant on which its larva feeds became naturalized.

Serious complaints have from time to time been made about the anomalous rates on the Burma State Railway. In order to compete with the Flotilla Company the rates to Mandalay, for instance, are much lower than the rates to intermediate stations. Mr. Mackenzie has just inquired into the subject, and a new scale of rates will be drawn up, and all anomalies done away with. The reduction in rates will in some instances amount to Rs. 27 per wagon-load, and this is of vast importance in the case of articles of great bulk and comparatively small value. The estimated loss will be Rs. 29,000 for the first year, but the increased traffic will, no doubt, more than compensate for this.

On the subject of the treatment of the Jews in Russia, the St. Petersburg Correspondent of the *Daily News* observes, that the question is complicated in Russia by the so-called Nationalistic movement which is in progress. This is a movement towards unity in all directions, towards the obliteration of foreign characteristics wherever they may be found; in short, it is a movement, oppressive in its force, which has for its aim the overthrow of the German, Polish, Finnish, Jewish, and Mahammedan elements in the Empire, in order that the Russian may prevail. The Russification process has resulted in much general misery among the various elements composing the Empire: but the Jewish element has suffered more in comparison with the others from causes which it is not far to seek. The Jews have not a country or province they can call their own like the Germans, Poles and Finns. They are aliens mixed up with the Russian populace. Then they do not mix with the people with whom they are brought into contact, but live in isolation keeping up the traditions they have received as to their religious superiority,

The entry in the journals of the House of Lords of the Address in reply to the Speech from the Throne and "Her Majesty's most gracious answer" is the shortest in history. "Most Gracious Sovereign," say the Lords, "We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, beg leave to offer our humble thanks to Your Majesty for the generous Speech which Your Majesty has addressed to both Houses of Parliament." "My Lords," replies her Majesty, "Your Loyal and Dutiful Address has given me much satisfaction. I feel well assured that you will give your earnest Consideration to the Measures that will be submitted to you; and that no Efforts will be wanting on your Part to promote by wise Legislation the Welfare of My People."

The way in which the National Congress in Calcutta is catching on, or as the present President, Mr. Pherozeshah Mehta, would say, "earning a place in history and marking an epoch in the march of events moulding the lofty destinies of this magnificent land," may, the *Pioneer* thinks, be judged from the fact that even the Congress papers estimate the number of delegates present at not more than 1,400. There were said to be some 2,000 at Bombay last year. The President, with that excellent taste which characterised his speech throughout, wound up by applying the words of Newman's "Lead kindly Light" to the case of the Congress. This is almost as happy and appropriate as Mr. Froude's famous comparison of Julius Cæsar to the Head of the Christian religion. Mr. Pherozeshah Mehta's address was frothy and magniloquent, but had even less pretension to clearness of thought or force of argument than those of his predecessors.

Mr. Benjamin Walker, of Leeds, has a good account to give of the trade and general prosperity of that important centre. No town is better supplied with railways, though three important railway companies are at this moment making large extensions. More cheering still, Mr. Walker claims that the masses of the people in Leeds are at this moment "better educated, better fed, and more moral" than they ever were before. All, in brief, that Leeds stands in need of is water communication. Mr. Walker prophesies that when the Aire and Calder navigation is completed Leeds will be in a position to make hematite iron and steel as cheap as they are made in Middlesbrough. This period ought not to be very far off. It was stated by the same speaker that out of a total of eight miles between Goole and the Humber four have already been dealt with. It conveys a notion of the magnitude of this undertaking when we know that it takes a mass of nearly thirteen thousand tons of slag and other materials to advance the walls only five yards.

One of the most popular men in Russia, fast outstripping Count Tolstoi for the premier place, writes a St. Petersburg Correspondent, and on the high road to canonisation, is Father Ivan, of Cronstadt. During the last three weeks at least three different booklets have been published giving an account of his life and doings, and these find a ready sale, for his deeds have been told, by rumour, throughout the Empire and exaggerated till they have reached marvellous proportions. It is popularly believed that his prayer can cure the sick. He never touches those for whom he prays, and he makes not the slightest claim himself to the possession of occult powers. He was born in 1829 in the Government of Archangel in the far north, and was settled in Cronstadt thirty-five years ago. His reputation has therefore been a thing of slow growth, for it is only during the last few years that those outside his own parish have heard of his good deeds, but now every one in Russia talks of him as much as the world now talks of Dr. Koch.

An example of a rare animal—cryptoprocta ferox—never exhibited alive in England until now, is to be seen at the Zoological Gardens. It has the reputation of being one of the most ferocious and blood-thirsty of carnivorous animals; but this individual happens to contrast favourably in its general behaviour with some of the vicious-looking cats in the neighbouring cages. It has a playful way which might perhaps delude the unwary into giving it a chance to use its teeth and claws. These it could doubtless use to some purpose. The cryptoprocta is half way between a cat and a genet, according to some naturalists, but others consider it to be the sole survivor of a group of flesh-eating mammals—the creodonta—which flourished many years ago. It inhabits Madagascar, a locality where creatures that ought to have extinguished themselves long ago mainly congregate.

MAHOMEDAN EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE.

The proceedings of the Mahomedan Educational Conference opened at Allahabad on Sunday. Sirdar Mahomed Hayat Khan Bahadur, C.S.I., presided, and among those on the platform were Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk, Political and Financial Secretary to the Nizam, and Moulvi Farid-ud-din Ahmed. Several ladies were on the platform. The proceedings were conducted in Urdu.

Mr. Justice Mahmood, High Court, N.-W. P., read an elegant Persian poem, congratulating the President, making use of the word *hayat* or life, which is also the name of the President, and inferring that the Conference would be favoured with long life.

The President read a statement of its objects which set forth that the Conference had nothing to do with political or religious affairs. It would deal with the following points:—

(*a*) To find out the means and ways for extending European science and literature among the Mahomedans and to do their utmost in furthering the progress of the Mahomedans in that respect.

(*b*). To inquire into the circumstances of education imparted to the Mahomedans, in the schools established by the Mahomedans, and so far as possible to help in completing that education.

He submitted that the members should hold to these resolutions, so that the Mahomedans might prove their loyalty to her Majesty, whose dominions were so extensive that the sun never set on them. They were in want of help from the Government of all the Provinces. The Government of the Punjab had given assistance in furnishing stipends to the Mahomedan students, and the public in the Punjab had also greatly helped them, and they were grateful. If any Mahomedans were behind in this generous work was it not time to lend their help and win similar congratulations. They hoped that Sir Auckland Colvin, who possessed an enlightened and generous mind, would help the Mahomedans, who were the poorest subjects of Her Majesty. The help he had given up to this time demanded their grateful thanks. The Mahomedans especially must help their brothers who were in the most deplorable condition. They were thankful to Mr. Douglas Straight, of the High Court, for the help he had given them, whom they hoped one day to see in a much higher position, and to Mr. Beck, who very much sympathised with them. Among those who had joined the Conference were some distinguished authors and poets, among whom were Moulvi Zokulla, Moulvi Shibb and Moulvi Halvi. It was the duty of every Mussulman to join the Conference, and Moulvi Mehdi Ali was another who had done so this year. It gave great pleasure to them that Mr. Mahmood took so much interest in their affairs, though he had but little time to do so. The Mahomedans as a nation were greatly indebted to him and to Moulvi Mehdi Ali. It was also a matter of pleasure to them that Professor Arnold would deliver a lecture on the Mahomedans. He was a gentleman who really sympathised with the Mahomedans as a nation.

Mr. Beck next read a letter from Mr. Douglas Straight, in which he said:—

"My dear Sir Syed Ahmed,—I have to thank the members of the Mahomedan Educational Conference for the invitation to attend the Conference, which I am unable to accept, as I shall be absent from Allahabad on the 28th, 29th and 30th of this month. I trust, however, I may, without any appearance of presumption, be permitted to say that I sincerely hope that out of the discussions and deliberations of the Conference good and practical results may follow to that important section of her Majesty's Indian subjects, whose educational advancement has been the aim of your long and useful life. It is a hopeful sign for the future of the work in which you take so keen an interest that the barriers of false pride and narrow prejudice behind which, until more recent years, too many Mahomedan gentlemen of birth and position took an attitude of cold hostility to the educational advantages other classes of our community greedily seized, are fast being broken down: and it is matter for congratulation to those who wish our Mahomedan fellow-subjects to take proper place and share in all departments of the State and in the professions, to see that the lesson is being learnt, which every man and all men in these days of progress must sooner or later learn, that as pride is so fatuous and that which declines instruction from the experience and wisdom of others, no prejudice, so fatal as that which accepts dogma as the height of intellectual excellence; I know I run no risk of being misunderstood when I say this either by the members of the Conference or yourself; most of them, and certainly you know me well enough that I am actuated by no sectarian predilections and will credit me with a sincere interest in the important work upon which you and they are engaged."

The Honorary Secretary then read the rules, to which no objection was taken.

Mr. Moulvi Farid-ud-din Ahmed asked permission to leave the meeting on account of illness and intimated that Moulvi Mehdi Ali would deliver his lecture next day at two o'clock.

Sir Syed Ahmed gave in the report for the past year. Acting on the resolutions of last year he had written to the Director of Education and the Registrar of the Allahabad University. On his representation as to certain passages in one of the text-books the book had been withdrawn, and it appeared that it had been introduced into the course through a misunderstanding and not intentionally, and the passages complained of were not read in the Mahomedan College. As their object had been gained, they would take no further steps. Talboy Wheeler's History of India would be adopted for the examination of 1892. The first resolution of last year had thus been complied with. The Secretary regretted that a complete report could not be given with regard to the other resolutions. He had pleasure in thanking Shaik Nasir-ud-din, Moulvi Farid-ud-din, who convened sub-committees to raise subscriptions, Mr. Domistor, Collector of Hamirpur, for becoming a member, and in offering many thanks to many other people, among whom was Munshi Nawal Kishore, C. S. I., of Lucknow. He remarked that the two sects of Mahomedans, Sunni and Shiah, who were not always uniform in their proceedings, had acted in harmony on this occasion in the affairs of the Aligarh College and also in matters connected with the Conference. As the Conference was not antagonistic to any religious or political society, so they hoped that all classes of people and all religions would support their cause. There was no need for outsiders to criticise the character of Mahomedans, as they were themselves going to show the defects that appeared in them. The Mahomedans were in the most deplorable condition, just as a dying man to whom remedies are applied even when there was no hope for his life, and these were the circumstances under which they were trying to improve their condition. There was one matter which raised some hopes in their minds. A hundred and seventy-two students at Aligarh College who were living together had formed a society for the benefit of the community. Its members called themselves "servants," which meant "servants of the nation." Every member of the society made it his duty to collect money and to pay something for the stipend of Mahomedan students, in this way showing their great love for the Mahomedan College; and the subscriptions that they had received were considerable. The same feeling had sprung up among the students in England and had created much enthusiasm. He hoped that similarly sympathy would be shown towards that Conference, for without it the Conference could not live long. The young men had opened a tea-shop for the members of the Conference as one means of supporting their fellow-students.

Mr. Moulvi Shibb thought the position of the Mahomedans would have been much improved had the resolutions of last year been all acted upon. It was no easy task to promote education among the Mahomedans; they must wait and not be disappointed if the public did not at once act on their resolutions. Half a century at least would be required for the advancement of a nation which was sunk down like the Mahomedan, and they might consider it matter for congratulation that while only seven years had elapsed since their first Conference they now saw, about a thousand chairs occupied by members and visitors. The Honorary Secretary was surely not right in saying that their hopes had been frustrated. He thought as the result of their efforts to accomplish great things, although there might not be any external marks, yet a hidden effect had been produced in the minds of the Mahomedans, and he hoped they would soon rise from the depth to which they had sunk. There was no doubt that people had now come to understand that there must be education to benefit the nation; but they differed as regards the mode of giving education. Some said science should be taught, others preferred arts, whilst a third party would educate as to religion only. For the discussion of this they should convene a meeting where all sects of Mahomedans might meet and give their opinions on points of education. It was worthy of note that in the Conference they saw so many people, authors and men of learning and honourable gentlemen on most of whom titles had been conferred by Government. Surely the Conference could not in these circumstances be a futile work.

Mr. Siraj-ud-din spoke hopefully of the progress of the Mahomedans as a nation.

Mr. Hassan Ali said the Educational Congress was gaining fame in India, and people were ready to come from Bombay and Madras to attend it and though they were not present at this Conference they would be in future. Time was needed for the Conference to grow to great importance. They must remember that English proverb that "Rome was not built in a day." The practical interest taken by the students was a hopeful sign. They had established tea-shops and raised subscriptions in many ways. By and by the light of education would spread over the country, and where now they found two or three people willing to make sacrifices for the country they would soon find many.

Mr. Mustafa Khan, one of the students of Aligarh College, next addressed the Conference, giving an account of the work of the "Duty" Society and soliciting support for the tea-shops.

Mr. Moulvie Hashmatullah, M. A., Assistant Collector, referring to a figure used by Sir Syed Ahmed could not admit that the nation was dying, but thought it was merely in deep slumber, and it was Sir Syed Ahmed who had awakened it and had been successful in restoring it to activity. They might rest satisfied that their object would be gained one day or other. They were not undertaking to build one house or to plant one tree but to build many houses and plant innumerable trees. Their grievances were very old and would require a long time for their remedy. Addressing Sir Syed Ahmed he said that a coincidence of events had raised him up at a time when a generous Government was ruling, and the Government officers were showing a feeling of sympathy towards the Mahomedans. Although the ruling nation professed a different creed, they saw how generous they were, not touching their religious feelings, but mixing with them in promoting their affairs, an instance of which was found in the fact that ladies and gentlemen had visited the Conference, thus giving a sign of their fellow-feeling. Unlike former Governments the present Government took the opinions of its subjects and gave every opportunity to them to manage their own affairs. They could best show themselves deserving of the favours of the Government by promoting the education of their children. It was a pity that when a wife wished to write to her husband she required to get another person to write it. If education had been widely spread among women as well as among men, this difficulty would not arise. One thing that made the Conference very valuable was that while their nation was dispersed over the country and no one told them of their sufferings, the Conference would be the means of bringing their grievances before them.

Mr. Nazir Ally, Cawnpore, said that it had been said that the Conference did no good, but this was a mistake. Before the Congress was held there was no idea of education among the people; now they found many people full of the ideas of the higher education. It had been proposed that higher education should not be given to Mahomedans, but experience told them that higher education was the only means of rising in the world. He urged the getting up of subscriptions for the education of the poorer students who from their poverty could not go higher than the middle-class examination.

Sir Syed Ahmed proposed the first resolution that the name of the Congress be now altered from "Educational Congress" to Educational Conference."

Mr. M. Raza Hossain, Munshi to H. E. the Lieutenant-Governor, supported this in a speech in which he expressed satisfaction at the establishment of the Allahabad University and congratulated the Mahomedans on the establishment of the Aligarh College.

The resolution was agreed to unanimously.

The Conference then adjourned till two o'clock.

On the Conference re-assembling, Sir Syed Ahmed read a paper out on the Persian language. He said:—

Mr. President,—Perhaps those who are assembled in this great hall will be surprised that this resolution should be brought forward in this meeting, a resolution which no one can think of opposing, which bears the mark of self-evidence on its face, as the sun carries with it the proof of its existence. But they will be more surprised and amazed when they hear that when the Allahabad University was founded, the first proposal brought forward was that Persian should be excluded from the University course of education, a proposal of a heart-breaking, nature, calculated to destroy the culture and learning of polite society of Hindustan. I will not state the reason for its exclusion, because everybody to whom God has given understanding will understand the real object. But the ostensible reason given in the discussion was that the Persian is not a classical language. And why not? Because like Sanscrit it is not a dead language, namely, it is not one that is spoken in no part of the earth's surface, but is spoken in Persia, and is hence a living tongue, and therefore not a classical language.

He then discussed more fully the claims of Persian to be considered a classical language, and held that of all the languages of the world it was the sweetest; its poetry in delicacy of sentiment in moral doctrine and in the variety of its beauties ranking equal to, or higher than, that of the Greeks and Romans, while it contained many philosophical and scientific works. He then continued:—

Every Mussalman, and I believe that every member and visitor present in this hall, which contains 1,000 chairs, all or nearly all of which are occupied by people who take an interest in education, forming a body which by its position has a right to be regarded as the representative of 50,000,000 Mahomedans, will regard this proposal to exclude Persian from the University course as the first attack on the education of Mahomedans. But I believe that our University will always cherish a regard for the education of Mahomedans, and will be to us a mother, not a step-mother. Much time had not elapsed after this first shock before another attack was made in a different fashion. But the second attack of the same disease is worse than the first, and hence this attack has been worse than the other. This time the objection was made that in the University course the second language for Hindoos is Sanscrit, and to balance it one language, Arabic or Persian, should be fixed. Arabic is certainly equivalent to Sanscrit, but Persian is an easy language, and cannot be compared in difficulty with Sanscrit. Hence there is injustice for those persons who take Sanscrit compared with those who do not take Sanscrit.

Reviewing the Persian course at the Alluhabad University he came to the conclusion that it was harder than the Sanscrit. If that was so, let it be made as easy as people wanted; but he could never agree to any proposal damaging the education of her Majesty's Mahomedan subjects.

The third resolution, protesting against the removing of Persian from the University course was proposed by Sir Syed Ahmed, seconded by Mr. Moulvi Hashmat Ullah and passed unanimously.

A resolution that all the letters patent of the Mahomedan rulers should be collected in Persia and printed was also unanimously agreed to.

The Hon Mr. Mahmood afterwards recited a Persian poem, which was frequently applauded, in praise of Mohsin-ul-Mulk.

The Conference adjourned till the following day.—*Pioneer.*

In Paris devout *elegantes* are ahead of the Advent season, which is one of semi-mourning, at least for those who attend sermons and other services. Our correspondent writes that long waists, high-shouldered sleeves, narrow shoulders and flat nun-like skirts characterise the devotional dresses. The stuffs in all cases are dark, when in black and grey coarse, but they are not deemed by French mantua makers the less lady-like for that. Jacket mantles trimmed with deep braid on mantles like those worn by English hospital nurses, but more graceful, are among the garments which will figure on 'prie-Dieu' chairs. There is an avoidance of such luxuries as furs, but boas of wollen material and other similar trimmings are used as a substitute. The colours which are deemed most suitable for church wear are bishop-violet of a plum shade, iron grey, steel black, or carmellite brown. The penitential bonnets follow the dress and mantle, and are close-fitting and slightly of poke shape. I suspect that *modistes* have been taking suggestions from the headgear of the Salvation lasses. Some bonnets are simply fine woollen veiling falling behind in graceful folds and fastened over a small stiff frame-work.

Mr. Stanley has been telling a Philadelphia reporter that there is a fine opening on the Congo for Yankee notions. The immeasurable possibilities for the development of Africa need colossal sums of money, but a great deal of trade may be picked up by vessels bringing to the coast cargoes of Yankee notions. Before the war Yankee skippers used to visit African shores in Yankee schooners, and they made fortunes. They could do so now better than even before; but for some unaccountable reason they don't. The cargo suggested would include canned goods, lumber, chairs, tables, hams, pork, wheat flour, fabrics of all kinds, from the most precious velvet or silk to the commonest cotton. A cargo of these things would sell like lightning for 100 per cent. profit. In exchange money or palm oil would be obtained, and fortunes could be made. Referring to his own wants on the Congo when he began work there Mr. Stanley said: "I should have bought shiploads of goods if I had found the things I wanted. I wanted plank to build chairs, bedsteads. I wanted mosquito bars, gin, whisky, rum, slippers, smoking caps. They would have gone like hot cakes." The list hardly suggests Spartan simplicity or a state of nature.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

COTTON ADULTERATION.

The *Rast Goftar* remarks:—The Bombay Cotton Trade Association has declared itself against any legislation for the prevention of cotton adulteration. The members are all evidently anxious to wipe off the bad name gained by East Indian cotton in the Liverpool market, but they maintain that legislation will only hamper trade without securing its object. If a Cotton Adulteration Act were passed, it would mean the employment of an inspectorial establishment, and the cost of it will no doubt be a tax upon the trade. But some means must be found for the prevention of what has grown to be a scandalous state of things. If any means other than a legal enactment can prevent it, so much the better, and for that reason we hope the amendments made in two of the rules of the Association at its meeting on Monday last will serve the purpose. The alterations are that for purposes of inspection the buyers shall have the option of opening five per cent. of the bales at his expense, instead of 3 per cent. as heretofore, and that for the purposes of arbitration ten per cent. of the bales may be opened, instead of five.

THE ADDRESS OF THE CONGRESS PRESIDENT.

Says the *Kaiseri-a-Hind*:—Apart from its rolling periods, its mild irony, its bright sarcasm here and there, and its serene eloquence the address is as practical as it is the most instructive that has yet been delivered. Mr. Yule's was certainly a noble specimen of what a Congress address emanating from an Anglo-Indian of his broad and staunch sympathy should be. To it the palm must be awarded so far as addresses from Anglo-Indian Presidents have gone forth to the four quarters of the world—to be embalmed for ever in the shrine of loyal and grateful India—the India of the Queen and the India of National Congresses. But Mr. Mehta's address is unique in this respect that it is the chrystallised embodiment of Indian thoughts from the pen of an Indian of Indians, a tried and sturdy political reformer and a sterling lover of his country, the country of his birth, the country which he very properly observed in the preamble of his address to be his native land, and not the land of adoption as some of the squeaking Parsi "patriots" pretend, for want of knowledge and study of history, to call it. Viewed from the point referred to the address is indeed a gem, set in literary and political demands, worthy of any uncrowned king of modern India. And we dare say it will take its place by the side of some of our best and rarest historical records, records of noble deeds and nobler achievements rendered by a Dadabhoy, a Kristodas Pal, a Telang and others of equal fame.

THE CZAREWITCH'S TOUR THROUGH INDIA.

The *Rast Goftar* says:—The Czarewitch has commenced this week his tramp through the Indian Empire of her Majesty the Queen, and we may be sure that his hosts in this land will do all they can to make his sojourn as happy and instructive as possible. We do not share the gloomy forebodings of some of our Bengal contemporaries in connection with the visit of the future Emperor of all the Russias and a considerable slice of Asia, besides. It is ludicrous to suppose that the Czarewitch and the magnificent suite that accompanies him have in their visit to India any darker motive than that of seeing this country; or that if they do entertain any dark design, they should think for a moment of succeeding in it. We rather expect that a visit to India will have a good educational value upon the Czarewitch. He will see that the British Government derives its strength from the diversity of races inhabiting it as well as from their interested, and, therefore, staunch loyalty. He may notice that although the masses are too ignoaant to make any difference between one European power and another, they are perfectly contented under the just and peaceful rule of England. He may also see that even those who declaim most strongly against particular measures of the Government and who demand most unreasonably the rights and privileges of popular Government—even these do not for a moment harbour a secret desire in their hearts for the subversion of British rule. It may be that reports, imperfect, exaggerated, garbled, perverted, may have travelled as far as Russia about the doings of the Congress. They may have created an impression that India is in a ferment of discontent against the British Government. If it had been possible for the Czarewitch to witness the proceedings of the Congress, which is now holding its sittings in Calcutta, he would have seen with his own eyes that, with all his aberrations and excesses, it is not a seditious organization aiming against the British Government.

The *Gujerati* observes:—There are some among us who will attribute the visit of His Imperial Highness to political motives. We prefer to believe that the tour is intended to impart to His Imperial Highness' education that finish which otherwise it will be wanting in India is a vast continent inhabited by races as different at least in race, religion and habits as any two different nations may well be. It boasts of a civilization that is unfortunately now lost, and a grandeur that is extinguished. Here in the different parts of the country you find at once the various climates of Europe—the Himalayas and the country surrounding them remind you of the frozen North, while lower down you feel the warmth of the sunny South. This will be an agreeable phenomenon for His Imperial Highness to observe. However, what will perhaps strike His Imperial Highness is the universal peace reigning throughout the land, and the spectacle of a heterogeneous people contented and loyal to the British Crown. His Highness will also notice the freedom which under the British rule the Indians enjoy; it is result of the confidence which the rulers have in course of time found the Indians have well deserved. Education has already made rapid strides, and people have learnt gradually to demand from their rulers, those popular rights which by their education and ability they think they are entitled to at the hands of an enlightened government. They have evidently great confidence in the liberal instincts of the English nation, to whom they sometimes appeal for the redress of any grievance they may feel. Many Indians occupy high offices in the state in the judicial and revenue and political departments, in the councils of Governors, and council of the Viceroy. The Indian press has a freedom that was unknown before. All this we repeat has been the result of mutual confidence between the ruler and the ruled, of a sympathy begotten of long association.

The *Gujerat Mitra* discourses:—The visit of His Imperial Highness to India will long be remembered as one of the most memorable events in the annals of the British Empire. Its significance moreover cannot be overrated in international politics. Although we have steadfastly held it, ever since the news of the visit was first flashed to India, that there was no warrant for entertaining any anxiety by the people of India on the score of political complications, we can venture to pronounce that while during the course of his tour the prince comes in contact with the princes and the peasants of this country, and personally sees for himself their tendency, and indirectly sounds their loyalty, he will carry home with him the most accurate impressions of on the whole a prosperous country and contented people.

The *Indu Prakash* is of opinion:—The political significance of this event cannot be exaggerated. Too great a reliance cannot indeed be placed upon such friendly and causal visits. At the same time we do not think there is any cause or justification for smelling any nefarious designs as being concealed under this simple incident. At any rate it will serve no purpose to raise up imaginary spectres and to vex ourselves with fancying daggers in the air. The truly prudent position is, as the *Bombay Gazette* points out, 'to interprete this auspicious visit in a trustful and generous way.' Lord Salisbury himself regards it as a pledge of peace, and there is no occasion for us to distress ourselves by distrusting his judgment. It is at least reasonable to think that the visit is prompted by a pure desire for travel and information, and is encouraged by a feeling of confidence and esteem.

The Paris Correspondent of the *Daily News* says that a cousin of the Empress Eugenie, the Marquis de Casafuerta, has just died at the Chateau d'Orvasnir, in Touraine. His father, who was said to be only second in wealth to the Duke of Ossuna, lived for many years in what might be termed a domain, the wall of which skirted one side of the Rue des Ecuries d'Artois, and a part of what in his time was the Rue de L'Oratoire. During the Empire, Queen Isabella, to be agreeable to the Empress Eugenie, arranged that the late Marquis was to be permanently attached to the Spanish Embassy in Paris, and he was one of the most influential persons belonging to the inner circle of the Empress. He was charged, though quite a young man, with the confidential negotiations between the Emperor and Marshal Narvaez for the sending of a Spanish military force to Rome to replace that which France kept at the Eternal City to protect the Pope. But carefully as the secret of Queen Isabella's consent was kept, it leaked out, and Prince Bismarck and Signor Rattazzi put their heads together and by getting her dethroned defeated the scheme.

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IN SEARCH OF TREASURE.

Mr. E. F. Knight has told the story of the origin, the hopes, the progress, and the final abandonment of the search for buried wealth in a South American Treasure Island. Under the title of 'The Cruise of the *Alerte*" (Longmans). The island which was reputed to possess untold wealth in its bowels is Trinidad, in the Brazils—not to be confounded with the better-known Trinidad in the West Indies, which is a very different kind of place. This South American island is a dreary desolate mass of rock thrown up by volcanic action, utterly uninhabited save by sea-fowl and the uncanny and repulsive land-crabs which swarm in thousands. The story runs that some seventy years ago a band of pirates plundered a number of Peruvian churches, notably the Cathedral of Lima, and concealed their booty beneath the Sugarloaf Mountain on this barren and desolate island—an island so inhospitable that landing is a matter of the uttermost peril. There are a great many such stories, and they are all hard of belief; but Mr. Knight certainly brings together a surprising number of indications that there really was something in this particular tradition. So convinced was he that there was a splendid treasure to be found on Trinidad island that, notwithstanding the failure of four or five previous expeditions, he bought the *Alerte*, a fifty-six-ton cutter-yacht, and proceeded to enrol volunteers for the enterprise. An article in the *St James' Gazette* brought him 150 applications; and by degrees he selected his crew.

SOME "REVELATIONS"

In a small way Mr. Knight's relation with some of his co-adventurers were "a reduced ad squalid version" of Mr. Stanley's "difficulties." This is Mr. Knight's statement, which, no doubt, will not be allowed to pass unchallenged:—

The volunteer whom I made first mate turned out very badly. He was afraid himself, ad he did his best to scare the other gentlemen and to paid hands. He came to the conclusion that the *Alerte* was a bad sea-boat, cranky, too heavily sparred, and generally too small and unsafe to be entrusted with a valuable life. I found out afterwards that a little cspiracy was hatching to compel me to sell the *Alerte* in the Cape Verde Islands for what she would fetch and charter a large Yankee schooner. He endeavored to disseminate discontent behind my back and to undermine my authority, with the sole result that he made himself detestable to his companions fore and aft and ultimately having made the vessel too warm to hold him, packed up his traps and deserted her at Bahia without giving me any reason for so doing. Not content to desert himself, he did his best to persuade others to do likewise. He succeeded with one timid individual, who also went off at Bahia—luckily for us, as we did not want him. There was yet a third who had half a mind to desert with them, but who remained with us a discontented young man, to the end. But the one man of the sort left on board, his opinions were a matter of indifference to us; but he was the sole cause of those "disagreements" of which he has since complained in print, and I have no doubt made his own life "disagreeable" enough. To do him juice, he was the ablest swimmer and the best judge of line and sinker on board.

AT CLOSE QUARTERS WITH LAND-CRABS.

The *Alerte* left Southampton on August 28, 1889, and on the 20th of November the adventurers sighted Treasure Island; some time having been spent at the Salvages prospecting for yet another treasure supposed to be hidden in one of the islands of that group. The adventurers—each of whom paid £100 for the privilege, and was to receive one-twentieth of the gross find—were very much impressed upon their early visits to the island—the yacht was kept at anchor at a respectable distance—by the land-crabs. Says Mr. Knight:—As for the land-crabs, which are unlike any I have seen elsewhere, they swarm all over the island in incredible numbers. I have even seen them two or three deep in shady places under the rocks; they crawl over everything, polluting every stream, devouring anything—a loathsome lot of brutes, which were of use, however, round our camp as scavengers. They have hard shells of a bright saffron colour, and their faces have a most cynical and diabolical expression. As one approaches them they stand on their hind-legs and wave their pincers threateningly, while they roll their hideous goggle eyes at one in a dreadful manner. If a man is sleeping or sitting down lightly these creatures will come up to have a bite at him, and would devour him if he was unable for some reason to shake them off; but we murdered so many in the vicinity of our camp during our stay on the island that they certainly became less bold, and it seemed almost as if the word had been passed all over Trinidad that we were dangerous animals, to be shunned by every prudent crab. Even when we were exploring remote districts we at last found that they fled in terror, instead of menacing us with their claws. . . . We kept watch and watch; while one slept the other tended the fire and killed the land-crabs, as they approached, with sticks and stones. The other crabs, as usual, fed on the dead. I saw this night, as I kept watch, at least twenty of them at a time devouring the carcasses of their slain friends. Each stood quite still, looking me straight in the face with his fixed outstarting eyes, and with an expression absolutely diabolical. He pulled the food to pieces with his two front claws, and then, with deliberate motion, brought the agment of flesh to his mouth with one claw, and chewed them up with a slow automatic action, but still the horrible eyes never moved, but stared, steadily into mine.

DIGGING FOR THE TREASURE.

No time was lost in beginning to dig in that we thought to be the likely spot. The doctor was made captain of the working party:—He kept up a discipline quite strict enough for all practical purposes. He did more work than any one else himself, being physically the strongest man of us all, and he superintended all the operations with great skill and judgement. The control could not have been left in better hands, and he was well backed up by his comrades. There was hard work done on that island, considerable hardships were undergone, there was often dangers landing and beaching of boats, and all was carried on under a vertical sun on one of the hottest and most depressing spots on earth. All hands turned out at dawn, and cocoa and biscuit were served out. Then we worked hard from half-past five till nine, at which hour the temperature in that closed-in ravine became so hot that it was quite impossible even for a black man to work with pick and shovel. A bath in the sea, to refresh ourselves, and wash off the clinging red dust, as our next proceeding. Then we put off our working clothes for others, and partook of a good breakfast, consting chiefly of oatmeal, which we found by experience was the best food to work on. During the heat of the day we lay in our tents, almost panting for breath at times, so intolerably hot and close it was.

A RAY OF HOPE.

During all the time the digging lasted there was only one hopeful incident:—Shortly before Christmas there were some encouraging signs. We had now got down to a considerable depth, and we noticed that, when a pick was driven into the bottom of the trench, a hollow sound was given out, as if we were on the roof of a cavern; and, occasionally, little holes would open out and the earth would slip down into some chasm underneath. We dug still deeper, and we came to a collection of very large rocks, which we were unable to move. They were jammed together, and evidently formed the roof of a cavern, for, wherever we could clear away the earth that lay between any two of these rocks, we looked down through the opening into a black, empty space, the bottom of which we could not touch by thrusting through our longest crowbar. This looked promising, for it was just such a cavern as this that we were seeking. We found that the rocks were too close together to allow of our effecting an entrance from above, so we dug down along the side of the last and largest of these until we came to its foot; and there, indeed, was a sort of cavern, partly filled up with loose earth, which we cleared out. There was no treasure in it, and nothing to show that any human being, before us, had ever visited the spot.

THE SEARCH ABANDONED.

At last hope grew fainter and fainter, and the men began to get dispirited:—For another fortnight we dug steadily on, gradually getting worn out with the hard work, and seeing our hopes of fortune diminish as, one by one, the likely places up the ravine were tried and found wanting, and the big trench grew deeper and wider without giving any promise of yielding up the golden hoard. The life was dreadfully monotonous, not an accident occurring worth the mention to vary the daily drudgery with pick and shovel. We no longer set out on Sundays and half-holidays for those glorious but exhausting climbs over the mountains, as we had to cherish all our strength for our work; and, after each spell of digging, were glad to rest in our tents sheltered from the burning sun. However, we kept up our spirits, were cheery enough, and always got on splendidly together. . . . I stood and contemplated the melancholy scene—the great trenches, the piled-up mounds of earth, the uprooted rocks, with broken wheelbarrows and blocks, worn-out tools, and other relics of our three month's work strewed over the ground; and it was sad to think that all the energy of these men had been spent in vain. They well deserve to succeed, and all the more so because they bore their disappointment with such philosophic cheeriness. It was, obviously, quite useless to persevere any further in this vain search, especially as the difficulties of living had so increased that our operations could only be conducted at a risk to life. So the at went forth—the expedition was to be abandoned we were to clear out of Trinidad bag and baggage, as quickly as we could.

PRIME MINISTER AND "IMORTAL."

A Special correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* in Paris contributes to that journal a sketch of M. de Fycinet under the above heading:—

The election of Mde Freycinet to fill the chair of the French Academy left vacant by Emile Augier's death, he writes, was a surprise to the French public. M. de Freycinet is a eminently successful man, and it was generally felt that he would hardly have offered himself as a candidate for this honour without having previously satisfied himself that the chances of failure were almost *nil*. They became quite so by the withdrawal of his most serious rival, M. Lavisse, a few days before the election. The choice of the Academicians can hardly fail to raise a growl in more than one literary quarter. It would be indeed hard to justify on purely literary grounds the election of the new immortal. This election, however, tends to prove that Voltaire's definition of the Academy as a body composed of the *noblesse* and the clergy, of statesmen and lawyes, and *even* of men of letters, is nearly as true in the nineteenth as it was in the eighteenth century.

M. de Freycinet, *c*, to give him his full name, M. Charles Louis de Sauces de Freycinet, is a Southerner both by family and by birth. The de Freycinet family, whose ancestral acres are situated on the banks of the Drome, has produced several distinguished savants and navigators, notably Louis Claude de Freycinet, who, in 1817, undertook a journey of scientific investigation round the world; was shipwrecked on the Falkland Isles; published an account of his voyage in thirteen large volumes; was made a member of the "Academie des Sciences," and founded the "Societe de Geographie." M. de Freycinet was born on Nov. 14, 1828, at Foix. At the age of seventeen he entered the Ecole Polytechnique, out of which he passed forth in the memorable year 1848. Along with several of his comrades he was entrusted by the Provisional Government with the task of conveying secret messages from one member of the

SPORTING NOTES.

...s as good as his Master—better, when the Jack ...sional rider and the master is a professional ... horses. Such was the text which Mr. Lowther ... his Gimcrack sermon. The jockey makes a ...d more certain income and if he is in the ...k of his "profession" he can pick and choose ... employers and can dicate his own terms of ... not merely as to the fees to be paid. Hence ...e idle so expect individual owners to make ...nd against the malpractices of individual ... This can only be done by the consolidated ... the Jockey Club itself. Fortunately the ... laws are strong enough, if they are rigidly enforced, to crush even the richest and cunningest manipu... the turf. And they can be further reinforced by the support of those few owners of horses, like the Duke of Portland, who *are* strong enough and bold enough to be masters in their own stables.

Since Saturday morning (Dec 6) the Pelicans have receded all the legendary piety of the bird from which they take their name. Mr. Justice Romer is reluctant to interfere with the right of one glove-fighter to pound another into a jelly for the amusement of an assembly of aristocratic amateurs; but he thinks these performers and their friends ought to conduct their pounding without making themselves a nuisance to the neighbourhood. The Pelican Club may, therefore, still be the theatre of the manly art in the small hours of the morning but there must not be a crowd in the street, nor must the bruised and bleeding, but triumphant, champion whistle shrilly for his hansome "between midnight and seven in the morning." This is a judicious judgement: but what is the use of being a champion, or the backer of a champion, if you cannot have a crowd to admire your stalwart form and your intellectual brow? Will the Pelicans put up with being compelled to conduct their performances thus obscurely? They may find it difficult to get Mr. Justice Romer's sensible decision upset; for although prize-fighters may, perhaps as the Oxford Don suggested, have souls like the rest of us, they cannot be allowed to become a nuisance.

The only football match decided on Friday (Dec 5) was the Oxford University Inter-collegiate Cup tie, in which Oriel beat St. John's by four goals to none. The Rugby match between Lancashire and Middlesex, which was to have taken place at Manchester on Monday, has had to be abandoned for the present, the southern county, in view of the inter-University contest on Wednesday, being unable to get together anything like a representative team.

Under Rugby rules, Blackheath on their own ground beat the Old Leysians by two goals and one try to one try; and at Richmond the home fifteen proved inferior to the London Scottish, who won by a goal and a try to nothing. Durham and Cheshire played a match before a large number of spectators at Hartlepool. Result, a tie of one point each. Royal Indian Engineering College beat Royal Naval College at Cooper's Hill, near Staines, by two goals and two tries to nothing. Newport and Penarth engaged in a well contested match at Newport. Result, a tie of four points each. Civil Service beat the Old Paulines by one goal to nothing at Richmond.

The final round of the preliminary stage of the English Association Football competition was completed on Saturday Dec. 6 in nine out of the ten divisions, there being one drawn game which will have to be replayed. In the League matches the most noteworthy results were the defeat of Preston North End by Notts County, and the victory of Everton over the Wolverhampton Wanderers. At Kennington Oval the Oxford University eleven was beaten by the Old Westminsters by three goals to one, and at Plumstead the Royal Arsenal team played a drawn game with the Casuals. London Welsh were defeated by St. Bartholomew's Hospital by five goals to one at Dulwich. The Old Carthusians and Charterhouse School match was played at Godalming. Result—a tie of two goals each. At Vincent-square the Old Westminsters beat the Bank of England by nine goals to one.

About 1,000 spectators assembled on the Rectory Field, Blackheath, on Tuesday Dec. 9 to witness the Rugby football match between Kent (A Team) and Suffolk. The home county proved much stronger than the visitors, but could only manage to secure a victory by three tries to nil. At Brighton, Sussex were opposed by the Oxford University Association team. The last-named showed vastly improved form to that displayed by them on Saturday at Kennington Oval, and won by five goals to one. Although the Casuals placed a good team in the field against the Old Reptonians at Wormwood Scrubbs, the last-named proved victorious by four goals to two.

Mr. H. M. Walters, the well-known association football player, died a few mornings before the Mail left from peritonitis, consequent upon injuris ensuing from a kick in the abdomen, received on the 12th inst., while representing the Casuals against St. Bartholomew's Hospital. In consequence of his decease the match between London and Oford and Cambridge, fixed to take place at the Oval to-morrow, has been indefinitely postponed.

It seems a pity, in the interests of fair play, that some method cannot be devised, before another flat racing season, for securing the public notification of horses that are not intended to run. Time after time, in minor races, horses that could win do not run, although on the spot. No reason in the majority of instances is assigned for such withdrawal, unless that familiar truism that an owner can do what he likes with his own is by implication accepted.

It was the number of non-runners and the money lost thereby which led to the adoption of the starting-price system—a system not without its evils, since it has led to sharp practices of various kins. Horses are backed away from the spot at starting price with an understanding that no money shall be paid out on the course. By this means long odds are secured, and certain bookmakers who have adopted the system have been fairly staggered on seeing the return of the race at the extent of their liabilities. It is difficult to draw a hard and fast line; and it may be that owners think the public know quite sufficient, trough the Press, without adding to the existing stock of their knowledge. But a little consideration for others might with safety be indulged in.

Mr. Edmond Yates tells a good story in his contribution to one of the Christmas annals. An American gentleman had come over to England on purpose to see the Derby. The luncheon provided in one of the boxes, however, so occupied his attention that "the great race" was run without his knowing it, and he only rushed out in time to see the jocky brought back to scale. He summed up his grief in the remarkable exclamation, "Oh, scissors! I have come three thousand miles to eat cold beef and pickles!"

Lord Calthorpe has no intention of retiring from the turf although some of his horses will be sold at Newmarket next month. These are to be replaced by animals more likely to carry the blue and white to the front next season. His Lordship deotes more attention to the horse racing than he did in the sixties, when he was much given to politics. His levation to the peerage, however, deprived him of the opportunity to do a great deal in the political world.

Mr. R. I'Anson, who in his young days was the best steeplechase rider in England, is "riled to think that his favorite pastime is on the down grade. He is of opinion that if the sport is to be revive and popular existing regulations concerning dishes must be relaxed or abandoned. He would leave the width of water-jumps to the aromoters of race meetings, saying that these obstacles will then be made to suit horses likely to be compelled to take them.

There would be stiff jumps where the country was fair, and where the best animals would probably compete, and easier at the smaller meetings were horses of a moderate class appeared. Everyone would have a chance then; now half the owners are afraid to run their horses, for no one likes to give a large amount of money for an animal to send him out an break his back.

Mr. R. I'Anson's first experience as a cross country rider was unique. He was riding in a race with the late Mr. Ede, who rode under the name of "Mr. Edwards," and that accomplished gentleman gave Robert advice all through the race in order that he might come to no harm. I'Anson got over the course all right, and defeated Mr. Ede by a head!

A pugilistic hero of the past in Harry Poulson has just gone over to the great majority. His most famous battle in the ring was with the undaunted Tom Sayers, to whom he was defeated after a prolonged fight of 108 rounds. In those days men fought for their championship laurels. In these times the talk for them in the various newspapers who sponsor them. Poulson, who succumbed to a brief illness, was 72 years of age.

A contemporary announces that the Jockey Club purposes selling a large portion of the Exning Estate by auction in the spring, Exning House, one of the best seats in the district, being included, together with about 1,230 acres of freehold land lying to the south of the heath and close to the town of Newmarket.

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ESTABLISHED 1825.
NEAVE'S FOOD FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED
BEST AND CHEAPEST.

ACTON & BORMAN'S
SPECIALITIES:
"PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH,
In 3d Packets And 6d 1s. 2s 6d Tins EVERYWHERE
"ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD
In Packets 1d & 2d. ONE TRIAL SOLICITED
ALSO
"GENUINE" EMERY-EMERY AND GLASS CLOTHS.
"ROYAL PATENT" FLEXIBLE GLASS PAPER
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ESTABLISHED 1781.
MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY ESPECIALLY FOR HULLING AND CLEANING RICE.

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Dr GUILLIÉ'S
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have been used with the greatest success for over **60 YEARS** in cases of Constipation, Liver Complaints, Painful digestion, Epidemics, Fevers, Diseases of the Stomach, etc., etc.

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LYMPHATIC, FEEBLE,
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Scrofulous Cachexis,
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Constitutional Syphilis, Phthisis, etc.

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OF UNALTERABLE IODIDE
OF IRON,
Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine,
Are the best remedy.
BLANCARD & Cº, 40, rue Bonaparte, PARIS.
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Scrofulous, Syphilitic Skin Diseases
SUCCESSFULLY CURED BY
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VERITABLES GRAINS de Santé du docteur FRANCK
CONSTIPATION!
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The most SUCCESSFUL REMEDY
Insist upon having annexed label, printed in fourcolours
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CURED BY THE
Cigarettes Espic
Oppression, Suffocating, Coughs, Colds, Chest Neuralgia, &c.
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ALL ILLNESSES
for which Cod Liver oil is prescribed are cured by the
Fucoglycine Gressy
The only remedy of its kind containing all the principles of Cod Liver Oil and having an agreeable flavour
Approved by the United Medical Profession
Awarded various Medals
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Many **Testimonials** received

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Can only be cured by **Lythia Ch. LE PERDRIEL'S** effervescing granulated salts of **Lythia**, taken in small doses are a sure remedy for **Stone, Gravel,** etc.

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Adhesive Blistering Tissue

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None other allowed in the Hospitals
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Chlorosis-Wasting diseases
Poorness of Blood
No one should be without
AROUD'S WINE
of Iron, cinchona
& of soluble meat
Of all ferruginous preparations, this one is by far the most efficacious, as it contains all the regenerative principles for making bone, blood and muscle.

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CAPSULES
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These capsules possess the tonic properties of tar combined with the antiblennorrhagic action of copaiba. They do not fatigue the stomach and do not produce diarrhœa or nausea. They constitute the remedy par excellence in the treatment of discharges whether recent or chronic.
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Can be obtained of Messrs. MACKENZIE, LYALL & CO., G. F. KELLNER & CO., CALCUTTA; and of the principal dealers in India.

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The reputation of nearly a Century as the most reliable preparation for Cleaning and Brilliantly Polishing Brass, Copper, Tin, Britannia Metal, Platinoid, and all metals of delicate finish. Unrivalled for Metal Dish Covers, Tea and Coffee Pots, Brass Window Frames, Facia and Door Plates, also Block-Tin Counters, &c.
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SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA
Is the only Preparation recognized by the Faculty as a wonderful
PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD.

Those suffering from the effects of Tropical Climates, such as Torpid Liver, Attenuation of Body, Eruptions, Debility, Lassitude, &c., &c., will, by taking this Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla, soon find relief and, ultimately, a cure.

It is asserted on *reliable* authority that by taking a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

The Superiority of WILKINSON'S Sarsaparilla.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—LANCET.
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IMPORTANT CAUTION.
Many spurious, Worthless and injurious preparations are offered to the Public.
See that both Bottle and Label have the Name, Address, also Trade Mark AT THE BOTTOM OF THE BOTTLE.
ASK FOR WILKINSON'S ESSENCE OF RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA AND REFUSE ALL OTHERS.
PREPARED ONLY BY
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SOLD IN SMALL, MEDIUM AND LARGE BOTTLES.
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The "Union" brand is guaranteed to stand 400 lbs. pressure per square inch.

Made specially from long Irish Flax for the use of Fire Brigades, Mills, Railways, Ships, &c., and for use in tropical climates.
It has the largest sale of any hose in the world.
Extensively used by various Departments in H.M.'s Government.
None Genuine unless stamped with Registered Mark.
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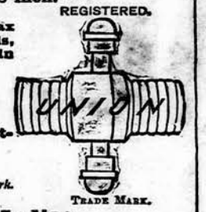

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"The Worst Complexion is improved by the daily use of Pears' Soap."

Pears'
Transparent SOAP

Produces Soft, White and Beautiful Hands; keeps the Skin Soft as Velvet, and free from Redness and Roughness.

Mrs. LANGTRY writes:—"I have pleasure in stating that I have used Pears' Soap for some time, and prefer it to any other."

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IMPROVED REELS
SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR THE INDIAN MARKET FOR REELING
MULE COPS, RING OR FLYER THROSTLE BOBBINS, &c.,
AND FITTED WITH
NEW PATENT "BRIDGE" DOFFING MOTIONS.
This motion is extremely simple, cannot get out of order, and it is impossible for Hanks to get soiled in Doffing.
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With new Lifting Motion, which completely prevents break-downs.
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All Classes of Cop, Bobbin, Hank, and Pirn Winding Machinery, &c.
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Mill Street Works, Ancoats,
MANCHESTER.
Apply for Particulars to INDIAN AGENTS—
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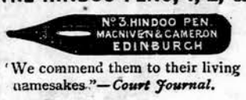

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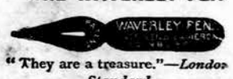

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"They come as a boon and a blessing to men,

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Writes 100 Words with One Dip of Ink.
2,347 Newspapers recommend them. Sold by all Stationers.
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Cadbury's (REGISTERED) Cocoa
GUARANTEED PURE — GUARANTEED SOLUBLE
IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.
Cadbury's Cocoa is guaranteed to be pure Cocoa.
Cadbury's Cocoa is Soluble in Boiling Milk and Water.
Cadbury's Cocoa contains all the delicious aroma of the natural article, without the excessive proportions of fat.
Cadbury's Cocoa is not reduced in value by the addition of Starch, Sugar, &c.
Cadbury's Cocoa is specially rich in flesh-forming and strength-sustaining qualities.
Cadbury's Cocoa is a gentle stimulant, and sustains against hunger & bodily fatigue.
Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.
In the whole process of manufacturing Cadbury's pure Cocoa, the automatic machinery employed obviates the necessity for its being once touched by the human hand.
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NOTICES.

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HORSES! HORSES! Arrival of the Batch of Arab Horses per s. s. "Bagdad" from Bussorah.
Immediate attention of Racing Gentlemen and Breeders is earnestly requested to inspect the Fresh Lot of superior HIGH-CASTE ARAB HORSES, consisting of Chargers, Hunters, Racers, Polo Ponies and Galloways &c.—No. 505, Bhoudy Bazaar Commission Stable.
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THE PROVIDENCE MILLS SPINNING COMPANY, BRADFORD, Yorks, England,
Guarantee the full weight of 16oz. to the lb. Their Wools and Silks are not weighted with heavy dyes or chemicals, but are all of the Best Quality and Pure Fast Dye. Write for the Free Samples. Purchase direct, and save 3d. in the Shilling.
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JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS
— SOLD BY ALL —
STATIONERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD
These world-famous Pens are of the highest possible quality; for sixty-five years universally styled the "Best in the World."

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BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND
WROUGHT IRON HINGES
ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET
Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

LIFE VERSUS DEATH
SEE
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WORK ON
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Showing that direful disease to be Curable in all its stages,
And containing many interesting and authentic cases, with Letters from
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DYSPEPTIC COUGHS,
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ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS,
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THE FINEST MEDICINE IN THE WORLD IS
CONGREVE'S BALSAMIC ELIXIR.
In Bottles 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., etc.
SOLD BY ALL MEDICINE HOUSES.
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DR. FLEMMING'S QUININE & CAMPHOR PILLS,
SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR INDIA by Mr. G. T. CONGREVE, from the prescription of an eminent Physician
TO CURE
Indigestion: Give Appetite and Tone: Ward off Fever.
Try them! Do not suffer unnecessarily.
SOLD IN BOTTLES, 1s. 1½d.
A SAFE, MILD, & TONIC APERIENT.

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Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Esplanade Road, Bombay.
AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER SPINK & Co.